Database Security Service (DBSS)

User Guide

 Issue
 01

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Process Overview

This section describes how to quickly enable database audit.

Background

Database audit supports auditing user-installed databases on ECS/BMS as well as RDS databases on Huawei Cloud.

NOTICE

- Database audit cannot be used across regions. The database to be audited and the database audit instance you purchased must be in the same region.
- If SSL is enabled for a database, the database cannot be audited. To use database audit, disable SSL first. For details, see How Do I Disable SSL for a Database?
- For details about audit data storage, see How Long Is the Audit Data of Database Audit Stored by Default?

Create a database audit instance, connect the instance with the target database, and enable database audit.

Auditing Databases Without Agents

Databases of some types and versions can be audited without using agents, as shown in **Table 1-1**.

Table	1-1	Agent-free	relational	databases
-------	-----	------------	------------	-----------

Туре	Supported Edition
MySQL	All editions are supported by default.

Туре	Supported Edition
PostgreSQL	All editions are supported by default.
NOTICE If the size of an SQL statement exceeds 4 KB, the SQL statement will be truncated during auditing. As a result, the SQL statement is incomplete.	
SQLServer	• 2008
	• 2012
	• 2014
	• 2016
	• 2017
GaussDB(for MySQL)	Mysql8.0
DWS	• 1.5
	• 8.1
MariaDB	10.2

NOTE

- DBSS without agents is easy to configure and use, but the following functions are not supported:
 - Successful and failed login sessions cannot be counted.
 - The port number of the client for accessing the database cannot be obtained.
- GaussDB(DWS) has the permission control policy for the log audit function. Only Huawei Cloud accounts and users with the **Security Administrator** permission can enable or disable the DWS database audit function.





 Table 1-2 Procedure for quickly configuring database audit

Step	Configuration	Description
1	Adding a Database	Purchase database audit. Add a database to the database audit instance and enable audit for the database.
		Apply for database audit. Add a database to the database audit instance and enable audit for the database.
2	Enabling Database Audit	Enable database audit and connect the added database to the database audit instance.
3	Viewing the Audit Results	By default, database audit complies with a full audit rule , which is used to audit all databases that are connected to the database audit instance. You can view the audit result on the database audit page. NOTICE You can set database audit rules as required. For details, see Adding Audit Scope.

Auditing Databases Using Agents

For a database whose type and version are not listed in **Table 1-1**, you need to install an agent to enable the database audit.





Table 1-3 Procedure for quickly configuring database audit

Step	Configuration	Description
1	Adding a Database	Purchase database audit. Add a database to the database audit instance and enable audit for the database.
2	Adding an Agent	Select an agent add mode. Database audit supports auditing databases built on ECS, BMS, and RDS on Huawei Cloud. Select an agent add mode based on your database deployed on Huawei Cloud.
3	Adding Security Group Rules	Configure TCP (port 8000) and UDP (ports 7000 to 7100) in the security group inbound rule of the database audit instance to allow the agent to communicate with the audit instance.

Step	Configuration	Description
4	Installing an Agent (Linux OS)	Download and then install the agent on the database or application based on the add mode you chose.
5	Enabling Database Audit	Enable database audit and connect the added database to the database audit instance.
6	Viewing the Audit Results	By default, database audit complies with a full audit rule , which is used to audit all databases that are connected to the database audit instance. You can view the audit result on the database audit page.
		NOTICE You can set database audit rules as required. For details, see Adding Audit Scope.

Helpful Links

- Choose the way to add an agent and the node to install it. For details, see **How Do I Install a Database Audit Agent?**
- If the audit function is unavailable, rectify the fault by following the instructions provided in **Database Audit Is Unavailable**.

Verifying the Result

When you connect the added database to the database audit instance, database audit records all operations performed on the database. You can view the audit result on the database audit page.

2 Purchasing Database Audit

Before using the database audit function, you need to purchase database audit. Database audit charges yearly or monthly.

Constraints

- DBSS cannot be used across regions. The database to be audited and the database audit instance you purchased must be in the same region.
- Ensure the VPC of the database audit instance is the same as that of the node (application side or database side) where you plan to install the database audit agent. Otherwise, the instance will be unable to connect to the agent or perform audit.

For details about how to choose the node, see **How Do I Determine Where** to Install an Agent?

Impact on the System

Database audit works in out-of-path mode, which neither affects user services nor conflicts with the local audit tools.

Prerequisites

The instance account has related permissions.

NOTICE

Ensure that the **DBSS System Administrator**, **VPC Administrator**, **ECS Administrator**, and **BSS Administrator** policies have been configured for the account used for purchasing instances.

- VPC Administrator: Users with this set of permissions can perform all execution permission for VPC. It is a project-level role, which must be assigned in the same project.
- **BSS Administrator**: Users with this set of permissions can perform any operation on menu items on pages **My Account**, **Billing Center**, and **Resource Center**. It is a project-level role, which must be assigned in the same project.
- ECS Administrator: Users with this set of permissions can perform any operations on an ECS. It is a project-level role, which must be assigned in the same project.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- Step 2 Click and choose Security & Compliance > Database Security Service. The Dashboard page is displayed.
- Step 3 In the upper right corner, click Buy Database Audit.
- **Step 4** Select a region, a project, an AZ, and an edition.

Figure 2-1 Selecting an AZ and an edition

Billing Mode	Yearly/Monthly			
Region		•		
	Select a region near ye	ou to ensure the lowes	t latency possible.	
* AZ	Random	ap-southeast-3a	ap-southeast-3b	ap-southeast-3c
* Edition	Professional	Advanced	View Details	
	A maximum of 6 data	base instances are sup	ported.	

Select an enterprise project. The DBSS you purchase will be put under this project. Billing and permissions management are performed based on enterprise projects.

Table 2-1 describes the database audit editions.

Edition	Maximum Databases	System Resource	Performance
Profess ional	6	 CPU: 8 vCPUs Memory: 32 GB Hard disk: 1,084 GB 	 Peak QPS: 6,000 queries/second Database load rate: 7.2 million statements/hour Stores 600 million online SQL statements. Stores 10 billion archived SQL statements.
Advanc ed	30	 CPU: 16 vCPUs Memory: 64 GB Hard disk: 2,108 GB 	 Peak QPS: 30,000 queries/ second Database load rate: 10.8 million records/hour Stores 1.5 billion online SQL statements. Stores 60 billion archived SQL statements.

Table 2-1 Database audit editions

NOTE

• A database instance is uniquely defined by its database IP address and port. The number of database instances equals the number of database ports. If a database IP address has N database ports, there are N database instances.

Example: A user has two database IP addresses, IP_1 and IP_2 . IP_1 has a database port. IP_2 has three database ports. IP_1 and IP_2 have four database instances in total. To audit all of them, select professional edition DBSS, which supports a maximum of six database instances.

- To change the edition of a DBSS instance, unsubscribe from it and purchase a new one.
- The cloud native edition can be purchased only on the RDS console.
- The table above lists the system resources consumed by a database audit instance. Ensure your system has the required configurations before purchasing database audit instances.
- Online SQL statements are counted based on the assumption that the capacity of an SQL statement is 1 KB.
- **Step 5** Set database audit parameters, as shown in **Figure 2-2**. For details about related parameters, see **Table 2-2**.

* VPC	vp v v C Verv VPC A lifetal Diractor Church ADC1 almost war to manages and configures internal polymorties and make services and fast polymort chappene
	A vitua Pivale Cibuli (VPG) alovis you lo manage and conigure memai networks, ano make secure and last network changes.
	1 You are advised to select the VPC of the agent node. If your agent and database are in different VPCs in the same region, create a peering connection between the VPCs to audit the database.
* Security Group	
	A security group implements access control for associated database audit instances, providing an additional layer of security.
* Subnet	
	A subnet is a range of IP addresses in your VPC. All resources in a VPC must belong to a specific subnet.
* Enterprise Projec	t C Create Enterprise Project
	An enterprise project facilitates project-level management and grouping of cloud resources and users.
* Name	DBSS-9edd
Remarks	Enter the remarks.

Figure 2-2 Setting database audit parameters

Table 2-2 Database audit parameters

Parameter	Description
VPC	You can select an existing VPC, or click View VPC to create one on the VPC console.
	NOTE
	 Select the VPC of the node (application or database side) where you plan to install the agent. For more information, see How Do I Determine Where to Install an Agent?
	• To change the VPC of a DBSS instance, unsubscribe from it and purchase a new one.
	For more information about VPC, see <i>Virtual Private Cloud User Guide</i> .
Security Group	You can select an existing security group in the region or create a security group on the VPC console. Once a security group is selected for an instance, the instance is protected by the access rules of this security group.
	For more information about security groups, see <i>Virtual Private Cloud User Guide</i> .
Subnet	You can select a subnet configured in the VPC or create a subnet on the VPC console.
Name	Instance name

Step 6 Set **Required Duration**. See **Figure 2-3**.

Figure 2-3 Setting the required duration



After you select **Auto-renew**, the system automatically renews the instance upon expiry if your account balance is sufficient. You can continue to use the instance. **Table 2-3** describes the auto-renewal period.

Table 2-3 Auto-renewal period description

Required Duration	Auto-renewal Period
1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9 months	1 month
1 year	1 year

- Step 7 (Optional) Add tags to the database audit instance. If you have configured tag policies for DBSS, you need to add tags to your DBSS instances based on the tag policies. If a tag does not comply with the policies, DBSS instance may fail to be created. Contact your organization administrator to learn more about tag policies.
- Step 8 Confirm the configuration and click Next.

For any doubt about the pricing, click **Pricing details** to understand more.

- **Step 9** On the **Details** page, read the *Database Audit of Database Security Service Disclaimer*, select I have read and agree to the Database Audit of Database **Security Service Disclaimer**, and click **Submit**.
- **Step 10** On the displayed page, select a payment method.
- **Step 11** After you pay for your order, you can view the creation status of your instances.

----End

Follow-Up Procedure

- If the **Status** of the instance is **Running**, you have successfully purchased the database audit instance.
- If the instance status is **Creation failed**, you will be automatically refunded. You can click **More** in the **Operation** column and view details in the **Failure Details** dialog box.



Database audit supports databases built on ECS, BMS, and RDS on Huawei Cloud. After purchasing a database audit instance, you need to add the database to be audited to the instance.

For details about the types and versions of databases that can be audited by database audit, see **Supported Database Types and Versions**.

Prerequisites

You have purchased a database audit instance and the Status is Running.

Adding a Database

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Databases**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose database is to be added.
- Step 5 Click Add Database.
- **Step 6** In the displayed dialog box, configure the database information.

Table 3-1 Parame	eters	
Parameter	Description	Example Value
Database Type	Type of the database to be added. You can select RDS database or Self-built database .	RDS database
	NOTE If you select RDS database , you can directly select the databases that you want to add to DBSS.	
Name	Custom name of the database to be added	test1

Table 3-1 Parameters

Parameter	Description	Example Value
IP Address	IP address of the database to be added. The IP address must be an internal IP address in IPv4 or IPv6 format.	IPv4: 192.168.1.1 IPv6: fe80:0000:0 000:0000:00 00:0000:000 0:0000
Туре	Supported database type. The options are as follows: MYSQL ORACLE PostgreSQL SQL Service DWS GaussDB(for MYSQL) GaussDB DAMENG KINGBASE MongoDB SHENTONG GBase 8a GBase XDM Cluster Greenplum HighGo MariaDB Hive DDS GBase 8s TDSQL NOTE If ORACLE is selected, to make the audit settings take effect, restart the applications to be audited and log in to the database again.	MYSQL
Port	Port number of the database to be added	3306

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Version	Supported database versions	5.0
	• When Type is set to MYSQL , the following versions are available:	
	- 5.0, 5.1, 5.5, 5.6, 5.7	
	- 8.0 (8.0.11 and earlier)	
	- 8.0.30	
	- 8.0.35	
	- 8.1.0	
	- 8.2.0	
	 If RDS database is selected, a list of database instances will be displayed for you to choose from. You do not need to install the agent. 	
	• When Type is set to ORACLE , the following versions are available:	
	– 11g	
	– 12c	
	– 19c	
	• When Type is set to POSTGRESQL , the following versions are available:	
	- 7.4	
	- 8.0 8.0, 8.1, 8.2, 8.3, 8.4	
	- 9.0 9.0, 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5, 9.6	
	- 10.0 10.0, 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.5	
	- 11.0	
	- 12.0	
	- 13.0	
	• When Type is set to SQLSERVER , the following versions are available:	
	- 2008	
	- 2012	
	- 2014	
	- 2016	
	- 2017	
	• When Type is set to DWS , the following versions are available:	
	- 1.5	

Parameter	Description	Example Value
	• When Type is set to GaussDB(for MySQL) , the following versions are available:	
	 When Database Type is set to Self-built database, you can select the MySQL 8.0 version. 	
	 If RDS database is selected, a list of database instances will be displayed for you to choose from. You do not need to install the agent. 	
	• When Type is set to GaussDB , the following version is available:	
	 1.4 Enterprise Edition 	
	 1.3 Enterprise Edition 	
	 2.8 Enterprise Edition 	
	 3.223 Enterprise Edition 	
	• When Type is set to DAMENG , the following version is available:	
	- DM8	
	 When Type is set to KINGBASE, the following version is available: V8 	
	 When Type is set to SHENTONG, the following version is available: 	
	– V7.0	
	• When Type is set to GBase 8a , the following version is available:	
	– v8.5	
	• When Type is set to GBase 8s , the following version is available:	
	– v8.8	
	• When Type is set to Greenplum , the following version is available:	
	– v6.0	
	• When Type is set to HighGo , the following version is available:	
	– v6.0	
	When Type is set to MongoDB , the following version is available:	
	– v5.0	
	• When Type is set to MariaDB , the following version is available:	
	– 10.6	

Parameter	Description	Example Value
	 When Type is set to Hive, the following versions are available: 	
	- 1.2.2	
	- 2.3.9	
	- 3.1.2	
	- 3.1.3	
	 When Type is set to TDSQL, the following version is available: 	
	- 10.3.17.3.0	
Instance	Instance name of the database to be audited NOTE	-
	 If you do not configure the Instance field, database audit will audit all instances in the database. 	
	• If you enter an instance name, database audit will audit the entered instance. Enter a maximum of five instance names and use semicolons (;) to separate instance names.	
Character Set	Encoding format of the database character set. The options are as follows:	UTF-8
	• UTF-8	
	• GBK	
OS	OS of the added database. The options are as follows:	LINUX64
	• LINUX64	
	WINDOWS64	

Step 7 Click **OK**. A database whose **Audit Status** is **Disabled** is added to the database list.

• After adding the database, confirm that the database information is correct. If the database information is incorrect, locate the target database and click **Delete** in the **Operation** column, and add the database again.

----End

4 Step 2: Add an Agent

Add a new agent or choose an existing agent for the database to be audited, depending on your database type. The agent will obtain database access traffic, upload traffic statistics to the audit system, receive audit system configuration commands, and report database monitoring data.

After adding an agent, configure TCP (port 8000) and UDP (ports 7000 to 7100) in the security group inbound rule of the agent node to allow the agent to communicate with the audit instance.

NOTE

Currently, only the following types of databases support agent-free audit:

- GaussDB for MySQL
- RDS for SQLServer
- RDS for MySQL
 - 5.6 (5.6.51.1 or later)
 - 5.7 (5.7.29.2 or later)
 - 8.0 (8.0.20.3 or later)
- GaussDB(DWS): 8.2.0.100 or later

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- A database has been added.

Scenarios

Determine where to add the agent based on how your database is deployed. Common database deployment modes are as follows:

 Deploy DBSS for databases built on ECS/BMS. For details, see Figure 4-1 and Figure 4-2.



Figure 4-1 One application connecting to multiple databases built on ECS/BMS

Figure 4-2 Multiple applications connecting to one database built on ECS/BMS



• Deploy DBSS for RDS databases. For details, see Figure 4-3 and Figure 4-4.



Figure 4-3 One application connecting to multiple RDS databases

Figure 4-4 Multiple applications connecting to one RDS database



Table 4-1 provides more details.

NOTICE

• If your applications and databases (databases built on ECS/BMS) are deployed on the same node, add the agent on the database side.

Table 4-1 A	gent locations
-------------	----------------

Scenario	Where to Add the Agent	Audit Scope	Description
Databases built on ECS/BMS	Database	All access records of applications that have accessed the database	 Add the agent on the database side. If an application connects to multiple databases built on ECS/BMS, the agent must be added on all these databases.
RDS database	Applicatio n (if applicatio ns are deployed on the cloud)	Access records of all the databases connected to the application	 Add the agent on the application side. If an application connects to multiple RDS databases, add an agent on each of the databases. Set Installation Node Type for one of them and select Select an existing agent for the rest of them. For details, see Selecting an existing agent. If multiple applications connect to the same RDS database, add the agent must on all these applications.
	Proxy side (if applicatio ns are deployed off the cloud)	Only the access records between the proxy and database. Those between the applications and database cannot be audited.	 Add the agent on the application side. Installing Node IP Address must be set to the IP address of the proxy.

Adding an Agent (User-built Databases on ECS/BMS)

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- Step 2 Select a region, click —, and choose Security & Compliance > Database Security Service. The Dashboard page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Databases**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose agent is to be added.

Step 5 In the **Agent** column of the desired database, click **Add**.

Step 6 In the displayed dialog box, select an add mode, as shown in **Figure 4-5**. For details about related parameters, see **Table 4-2**.

Figure 4-5 Adding an agent to a database

Add	
Add Mode	Select an existing agent Create an agent
Installing Node Type	Database Application
os	Linux 64 bit for x86 V
CPU Threshold (%)	80
Memory Threshold (%)	80
	Cancel

Table 4-2 Parameters for adding an agent (user-built databases on ECS/BMS)

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Add Mode	 Mode for adding an agent Select an existing agent If an agent has been installed on a database connected to the same application as the desired database, select Select an existing agent. 	Create an agent
	 Create an agent If no agent is available, select Create an agent to create one. 	
Installing Node Type	This parameter is mandatory when Add Mode is set to Create an agent . When auditing user-installed databases on ECS/ BMS, select Database for Installing Node Type .	Database
OS	OS of the database to be audited. Its value can be . You can select LINUX64-X86, LINUX64-ARM, or WINDOWS64. NOTE	LINUX64- X86
	server architecture.	

Parameter	Description	Example Value
CPU Threshold (%)	Optional. This parameter is configurable if Installing Node Type is set to Application .	80
	CPU threshold of the application node to be audited. The default value is 80 .	
Memory Threshold (%)	Optional. This parameter is configurable if Installing Node Type is set to Application .	80
	Memory threshold of the application node to be audited. The default value is 80 .	

Step 7 Click OK.

Step 8 Click `` in the lower part of the database list page to expand the database details and view the information about the added agent.

Figure 4-6 Successfully adding an agent

Add Database Add Security Group Rule								
Q Select a property or enter a keyword.								0
Database Information \Leftrightarrow	Character Set 🕀	IP Address(D	Instance 🕀	os 🕀	Audit Status \ominus	Agent	Operation	
Name: gauss-6966-dbss-2 Type: GaussDB(for MySQL) Version:8.0.22	UTF8	1975-81 3976-81	gauss-6966-dbss-2	LINUX64	O Enabled	No agent required	Disable Dele	te
Name: test Type: Version:5.7	UTF8	17,57,586		LINUX64	• Enabled	View Agent Add	Disable Dele	te
Name: test_tdsql_pg Type: Version:9.0	UTF8			LINUX64	• Enabled	View Agent Add	Disable Dele	te

After adding the agent, confirm that the agent information is correct. If the agent is incorrectly added, locate the target agent, click **More** > **Delete** in the **Operation** column of the row to delete it, and add an agent again.

----End

Adding an Agent (RDS Databases)

NOTE

After you add a MySQL or GaussDB(for MySQL) database, you can start configuring security group rules. You do not need to install an agent on the database.

If an application connects to multiple RDS databases, be sure to:

- Add an agent to each of the RDS databases.
- Select **Select an existing agent** if one of the databases already has an agent. Add that agent for the rest of the databases.
- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Databases**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose agent is to be added.
- **Step 5** In the **Agent** column of the desired database, click **Add**.
- **Step 6** In the displayed dialog box, select an add mode, as shown in **Figure 4-7** and **Figure 4-8**. For details about related parameters, see **Table 4-3**.
 - Select Select an existing agent for Add Mode.

For details about when you should select this option, see **When Should I** Select an Existing Agent?

NOTE

If an agent has been installed on the application, you can select it to audit the desired database.

Figure 4-7 Selecting an existing agent

Add

Add Mode	 Select an existing agent 	Create an agent	
Database Name	test	~	
★ Agent ID	9h1_7Y0BhKuhspeE_tz8	~	
CPU Threshold (%)	0		
Memory Threshold (%)	0		
			Cancel OK

• Set Add Mode to Create an agent.

If no agent is available, select **Create an agent** to create one.

Select **Installing Node Type** to **Application**, and set **Installing Node IP Address** to the intranet IP address of the application.

Add	
Add Mode	 Select an existing agent Create an agent
Installing Node Type	O Database (Application
* Installing Node IP Address	Audited NIC Name
CPU Threshold (%)	80 Memory Threshold (%) 80
OS	Linux 64 bit f V
	Cancel

Figure 4-8 Adding an agent to an application

Table 4-3 Parameters for adding an agent (RDS databases)

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Add Mode	 Mode for adding an agent Selecting an existing agent If an agent has been installed on a database connected to the same application as the desired database, select Select an existing agent. 	Create an agent
	 Create an agent If no agent is available, select Create an agent to create one. 	
Installing Node Type	This parameter is mandatory when Add Mode is set to Create an agent . To audit the RDS databases, select Application .	Application
Installing Node IP Address	This parameter is mandatory if Installing Node Type is set to Application . You can enter only one installation node IP address. The IP address of an agent must be unique.	192.168.1.1
	The IP address is the intranet IP address of the application.	
	The IP address must be an internal IP address in IPv4 or IPv6 format.	
	NOTICE To audit an RDS database connected to an off-cloud application, set this parameter to the IP address of the proxy.	

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Audited NIC Name	Optional. This parameter is configurable if Installing Node Type is set to Application .	-
	Name of the network interface card (NIC) of the application node to be audited	
CPU Threshold (%)	Optional. This parameter is configurable if Installing Node Type is set to Application .	80
	CPU threshold of the application node to be audited. The default value is 80 .	
	NOTICE If the CPU usage of a server exceeds the threshold, the agent on the server will stop running.	
Memory Threshold (%)	Optional. This parameter is configurable if Installing Node Type is set to Application .	80
	Memory threshold of the application node to be audited. The default value is 80 .	
	NOTICE If the memory usage of your server exceeds the threshold, the agent will stop running.	
OS	Optional. This parameter is configurable if Installing Node Type is set to Application .	LINUX64
	OS of the application node to be audited. The value can be LINUX64 or WINDOWS64 .	

Step 7 Click OK.

Step 8 Click ^ in the lower part of the database list page to expand the database details and view the information about the added agent.

NOTE

After adding the agent, confirm that the agent information is correct. If the agent is incorrectly added, locate the target agent, click **More** > **Delete** in the **Operation** column of the row to delete it, and add an agent again.

----End

Follow-Up Procedure

Configure TCP (port 8000) and UDP (ports 7000 to 7100) in the security group inbound rule of the agent node to allow the agent to communicate with the audit instance. For details about how to add a security group rule, see Adding a Security Group Rule.

5 Step 3: Download and Install the Agent

5.1 Downloading an Agent

Download and then install the agent on the database or application based on the add mode you chose.

NOTE

Each agent has a unique ID, which is used as the key for connecting to a database audit instance. If you delete an agent and add it back, you need to download the agent again.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- You have added an agent to the database.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Databases**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose agent is to be downloaded.
- Step 5 Click in the lower part of the database list to expand the agent details. Locate the target agent and click **Download Agent** in the **Operation** column to download an agent installation package.

Figure 5-1 Downloading an agent

Add Database	Add Security G	roup Rule									
Q. Select a pro	perty or enter a keyword									Q	0
Databas	Information 🖨	Chara	cter Set \ominus	IP Address(D	Instance \ominus	os 🖯	Audit Status 😔	Agent	Operation		
Name: t Pype: F Version:7	est /ostgreSQL .4	UTF8			-	LINUX64	O Enabled	View Agent Add	Disable Delete		
Total Records: 1	<u>10</u> ∨ < <u>1</u>	>									
Selected: test											2 ×
Agents											
Q Select a property	or enter a keyword.										0
Agent ID	Installing N \ominus	Installing N \ominus	os 🖯	Audited NIC	CPU Thresh	B Memory Thr 8	General 🖯	Status 😔	SHA256Sum 🖯	Operation	
Qe8vCY4B4uqiY	Database	統治統	LINUX64_X86	-	80	80	No	Hibernating	f5bc063d9e1f50	Download Agent	Disable C
Total Records: 1	10 ~ < 1										

Download the agent installation package suitable for your OS.

• Linux OS

Download the agent whose OS is LINUX64.

• Windows OS

Download the agent whose OS is WINDOWS64.

----End

5.2 Installing an Agent (Linux OS)

You can enable database audit only after the agent is installed. This topic describes how to install the agent on a node running a Linux OS. For details about how to install an agent on the Windows OS, see **Installing an Agent (Windows OS)**.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- You have added an agent to your database.
- You have obtained the agent installation package for the Linux OS.
- The Linux OS version of the target node is supported by the agent. For details about the supported Linux versions, see On What Linux OSs Can I Install the Agent?

Scenarios

You can install the agent on the database or application side, depending on your database type and deployment scenario. Common database scenarios are as follows:

 Deploy DBSS for databases built on ECS/BMS. For details, see Figure 5-2 and Figure 5-3.



Figure 5-2 One application connecting to multiple databases built on ECS/BMS

Figure 5-3 Multiple applications connecting to one database built on ECS/BMS



• Deploy DBSS for RDS databases. For details, see Figure 5-4 and Figure 5-5.



Figure 5-4 One application connecting to multiple RDS databases

Figure 5-5 Multiple applications connecting to one RDS database



Table 5-1 describes where to install the agent in the preceding scenarios.

NOTICE

If your applications and databases (databases built on ECS/BMS) are deployed on the same node, install the agent on the database side.

Scenario	Where to Install Agent	Audit Scope	Description
Self-built database on ECS/BMS	Database	All access records of applications that have accessed the database	 Install the agent on the database side. If an application connects to multiple databases built on ECS/BMS, the agent must be installed on all these databases.
RDS database	Applicatio n side (if applicatio ns are deployed on the cloud)	Access records of all the databases connected to the application	 Install the agent on the application side. If multiple applications are connected to the same RDS database, the agent must be installed on all these applications.
RDS database	Proxy side (if applicatio ns are deployed off the cloud)	Only the access records between the proxy and database. Those between the applications and database cannot be audited.	Install the agent on the proxy side.

 Table 5-1 Agent installation scenarios

Installing an Agent

NOTE

When installing a new agent, you need to customize a password for it.

Install the agent on the node suitable for your service scenario.

- **Step 1** Upload the downloaded agent installation package **xxx.tar.gz** to the node (for example, using WinSCP).
- **Step 2** Log in to the node as user **root** using SSH through a cross-platform remote access tool (for example, PuTTY).
- **Step 3** Run the following command to access the directory where the agent installation package **xxx.tar.gz** is stored:

cd *Directory_containing_agent_installation_package*



Step 4 Run the following command to decompress the installation package xxx.tar.gz:

tar -xvf xxx.tar.gz

[root@ecs-test	agent]#			
root@ecs-test	agent]# tar -	xvf	9syBZIsBbeAhEFqE_	hhD.tar.gz

Step 5 Run the following command to switch to the directory containing the decompressed files:

cd *Decompressed_package_directory*

[root@ecs-test 192.168.0.107_9syBZIsBbeAhEFqE_hhD]#
[root@ecs-test 192.168.0.107_9syBZIsBbeAhEFqE_hhD]#
[root@ecs-test 192.168.0.107_9syBZIsBbeAhEFqE_hhD]# chmod +x install.sh
[root@ecs-test 192.168.0.107_9syBZIsBbeAhEFqE_hhD]#
[root@ecs-test 192.168.0.107 9syBZIsBbeAhEFqE hhD]# ll
total 36
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Oct 25 09:50 bin
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Oct 25 09:50 boot
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Oct 25 09:50 cert
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Oct 25 09:50 conf
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Oct 25 09:50 crond
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 527 Oct 25 09:45 install.sh
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Oct 25 09:50 lib
-rw-rr 1 root root 308 0ct 25 09:45 uninstall.sh
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Oct 25 09:50 utils
root@ecs-test 9svBZIsBbeAhEFaE hhD]#

Step 6 Run the following command to check whether you have the permission for executing the **install.sh** script:

แ

- If you do, go to Step 7.
- If you do not, perform the following operations:
 - a. Run the following command to get the script execution permission: chmod +x install.sh
 - b. Verify you have the required permissions.
- **Step 7** Run the following command to install the agent:

sh install.sh

[root@ecs-test [root@ecs-test	_9syE _9syE	BZIsBbeAhEFo BZIsBbeAhEFo	qE_hhD]# qE_hhD]# sl	n install.s	sh
check system bit check system bit	success!				
exist system-rel Linux version is	ease file CentOS 7		-1		
dbss user not ex Enter password :	ists, create dbss	user now.	Please set	t user pass	sword!

- In Ubantu, run the **bash install.sh** command to install the agent.
- The agent program is run by common DBSS users. When installing the agent for the first time, you need to create an agent user. After running the **sh install.sh** command, you need to set a password for the DBSS user.

If the following information is displayed, the agent has been installed. Otherwise, the installation fails. start agent

starting audit agent

audit agent started start success install dbss audit agent done!

NOTICE

If the agent installation failed, ensure the OS version of the target node is supported and try again.

Step 8 Run the following command to view the running status of the agent program:

service audit_agent status

If the following information is displayed, the agent is running properly:

[root@ecs-test [root@ecs-test		_9sýBZIsBbeAhEFqE_hhD]# _9syBZIsBbeAhEFqE_hhD]#	service	audit_agent	status
audit agent is	running.				
root@ecs-test		9SVBZISBDEANEFQE NND #			

audit agent is running.

----End

Helpful Links

- If SSL is enabled for a database, the database cannot be audited. To use database audit, disable SSL first. For details, see **How Do I Disable SSL for a Database?**
- For details about how to add an agent, see Step 2: Add an Agent.
- For details about how to uninstall an agent, see Uninstalling an Agent.

5.3 Installing an Agent (Windows OS)

You can enable database audit only after the agent is installed. This topic describes how to install the agent on a node running a Windows OS. For details about how to install an agent on the Linux OS, see **Installing an Agent (Linux OS)**.

Prerequisites

- You have added an agent to your database.
- You have obtained the agent installation package for the Windows OS.
- The Windows OS version of the target node is supported by the agent. For details about the supported Windows versions, see **On What Windows OSs Can I Install the Agent?**

Scenarios

You can install the agent on the database or application side, depending on your database type and deployment scenario. Common database scenarios are as follows:

 Deploy DBSS for databases built on ECS/BMS. For details, see Figure 5-6 and Figure 5-7.



Figure 5-6 One application connecting to multiple databases built on ECS/BMS

Figure 5-7 Multiple applications connecting to one database built on ECS/BMS



• Deploy DBSS for RDS databases. For details, see Figure 5-8 and Figure 5-9.


Figure 5-8 One application connecting to multiple RDS databases

Figure 5-9 Multiple applications connecting to one RDS database



Table 5-2 describes where to install the agent in the preceding scenarios.

NOTICE

If your applications and databases (databases built on ECS/BMS) are deployed on the same node, install the agent on the database side.

Scenario	Where to Install Agent	Audit Scope	Description
Self-built database on ECS/BMS	Database	All access records of applications that have accessed the database	 Install the agent on the database side. If an application connects to multiple databases built on ECS/BMS, the agent must be installed on all these databases.
RDS database	Applicatio n side (if applicatio ns are deployed on the cloud)	Access records of all the databases connected to the application	 Install the agent on the application side. If multiple applications are connected to the same RDS database, the agent must be installed on all these applications.
RDS database	Proxy side (if applicatio ns are deployed off the cloud)	Only the access records between the proxy and database. Those between the applications and database cannot be audited.	Install the agent on the proxy side.

Table 5-2 Agent installation scenarios

Installing an Agent

Step 1 Install Npcap on the Windows server.

- If Npcap has been installed on the Windows OS, go to **Step 2**.
- If the Npcap has not been installed on the Windows server, perform the following steps:
 - a. Download the latest Npcap software installation package from https:// nmap.org/npcap/.

Figure 5-10 Downloading Npcap



b. Upload the **npcap**-*xxxx*.**exe** software installation package to the VM where the agent is to be installed.

- c. Double-click the Npcap installation package.
- d. In the displayed dialog box, click **I Agree**, as shown in **Figure 5-11**.

Figure 5-11 Agreeing to install Npcap

6	Npcap 0.9984 Setup	- 🗆 X
NMAP. ORG	License Agreement Please review the license terms before inst	alling Npcap 0.9984.
Press Page Down to see th	ne rest of the agreement.	
NPCAP COPYRIGHT / END	USER LICENSE AGREEMENT	^
Npcap is a Windows packe (c) 2013-2019 by Insecure reserved.	et sniffing driver and library and is copyright e.Com LLC ("The Nmap Project"). All rights	
Even though Npcap source not open source software permission from the Nmap limited to installation on fiv	e code is publicly available for review, it is and may not be redistributed without special Project. The standard version is also ve systems. We fund the Npcap project by	~
If you accept the terms of agreement to install Npcap	the agreement, click I Agree to continue. You 0.9984.	must accept the
Nullsoft Install System v2,51 -		
	I <u>A</u> gre	e Cancel

e. In the displayed dialog box, leave all the check boxes unselected and click **Install**, as shown in **Figure 5-12**.

Figure 5-12 Installing Npcap

6	Npcap 0.9984 Setup 📃 🗕 🗖 🗙
NMAP. ORG	Installation Options Please review the following options before installing Npcap 0.9984
Legacy loopback sup Restrict Npcap drive Support raw 802.11	oport for Nmap 7.80 and older. Not needed for Wireshark. r's access to Administrators only traffic (and monitor mode) for wireless adapters Pcap API-compatible Mode
Nullsoft Install System v2.51 -	< Back Install Cancel

6	Npcap 0.99 <mark>8</mark> 4 Setup	-	
NMAP. ORG	Installation Complete Setup was completed successfully.		
Completed			
Show details			
Nullsoft Install System v2.51 -			
	< Back N	ext >	Cancel

f. In the displayed dialog box, click **Next**.

g. Click Finish.

(😚 🛛 Npcap 0.9984 Setup 📃 🗖 🗙
	Finished Thank you for installing Npcap
	Npcap has been installed on your computer.
	Click Finish to close this wizard.
	Nullsoft Install System v2.51

- **Step 2** Log in to the target Windows server as the **Administrator** user.
- **Step 3** Copy the downloaded .zip agent installation package to any directory on the server.

- **Step 4** Decompress the package.
- Step 5 Double-click the install.bat file in the package directory.
- **Step 6** Press any key to complete installation after the output shown in **Figure 5-13** is displayed.

Figure 5-13 Installation completed

install DBSS audit agent start check npcap existed success
check main process file success check child process file success
check dll file success check dll file success
check startup file success 1 1 1
check dbss agent config file success check log folder success
install DBSS audit agent success start DBSS audit agent success

Step 7 Check the installation result. If the dbss_audit_agent process can be found in the Windows Task Manager, the installation succeeded.

If it is not found, install the agent again.

----End

6 Step 4: Add a Security Group Rule

Configure TCP (port 8000) and UDP (ports 7000 to 7100) in the security group inbound rule of the database audit instance to allow the agent to communicate with the audit instance.

This section describes how to configure TCP (port 8000) and UDP (ports 7000 to 7100) for a security group.

NOTE

You can configure security group rules before or after installing an agent.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- You have added an agent to your database.

Adding a Security Group Rule

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Database Audit** > **Databases**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose security group rule is to be added.
- **Step 5** Record the IP address of the agent node.

Click \checkmark next to the database to view the information of its agent, and record **Installing Node IP Address**.

Figure 6-1 Installing Node IP Address

Q. Select a prope	rty or enter a keyword									Q	0
Database I	Information 🖨	Charat	ter Set 🖯 🛛	IP Address(D 😣	Instance 🖯	os 🖯	Audit Status 😔	Agent	Operation		
Name: tes Type: Po Version:7.4	t stgreSQL	UTF8	1000			LINUX64	O Enabled	View Agent Add	Disable Delete		
Total Records: 1	10 🗸 < 1	>									
lected: test											×
ents											
C Select a property o	r enter a keyword.										0
gent ID \ominus	Installing N \ominus	Installing N \ominus	os Ə	Audited NIC	Ə CPU Thresh (Memory Thr 😔	General \ominus	Status 🖯	SHA256Sum 🕀	Operation	
e8vCY4B4ugiY	Database	655/655/65	LINUX64 X86	-	80	80	No	Hibernating	f5bc063d9e1f50	Download Agent	Disable

Step 6 Click Add Security Group Rule.

Step 7 In the displayed dialog box, record the security group name (for example, **default**) of the database audit instance, as shown in **Figure 6-2**.

Figure 6-2 Adding a security group rule

Add Security Group Rule

Go to VPC and configure the following security group. Incorrect settings may lead to connection failures.

Security Group	dws-test33-8000		
Procedure	 Go to VPC. Search for and select this security group. Click Inbound Rules and click Add Rule. Add TCP port 8000 and UDP ports 7000 to 7100. Set the Source of the ports to the agent IP address. Click OK. View details 		
		Cancel	Go to VPC

- Step 8 Click Go to VPC.
- **Step 9** In the security group list, enter the group name **default** in the search box in the upper right corner of the list, and click *Q* or press **Enter**. The group information is displayed in the list.
- **Step 10** Click the group name **default**.
- Step 11 Click the Inbound Rules tab.

Check whether TCP (port number **8000**) and UDP protocols (port number from **7000** to **7100**) are configured in the inbound rules of the security group for the IP address of the installing node.

- If the inbound rules of the security group have been configured for the installing node, go to **Downloading an Agent**.
- If no inbound rules of the security group have been configured for the installing node, go to **Step 12**.

Step 12 Add an inbound rule for the installing node.

1. On the Inbound Rules tab, click Add Rule.

Figure 6-3 Adding rules

Summary	Inbound Rules	Outbound Ru	ules Associated In	stances
Add Rule	Fast-Add Rule	Delete	Allow Common Ports	Inbound Rule

2. In the Add Inbound Rule dialog box, add TCP (port number 8000) and UDP protocols (port number from 7000 to 7100).

NOTE

The source can be an IP address, an IP address segment, or a security group. Examples:

- IP address: **192.168.10.10/32**
- IP address segment: **192.168.52.0/24**
- All IP addresses: 0.0.0.0/0
- Security group: **sg-abc**

Figure 6-4 Add Inbound Rule dialog box

Add Inbound Rule Learn m	ore about security group co	nfiguration.		
inbound rules allow incoming tra	ffic to instances associated with	the security group.		
ecurity Group default				
ou can import multiple rules in a batch.				
Protocol & Port ⑦	Туре	Source ⑦	Description	Operation
TCP 💌	15.4	IP address	•	0
8000	IPV4 ¥	192.168.0.104		Operation +
UDP 🔻		IP address	•	
7000-7100	IPv4 ¥	192.168.0.104		Operation +
	(➔ Add Rule		
		OK Cancel		

3. Click OK.

After adding a security group rule, download and install the agent on a database or application, depending on the add mode you chose. Database audit can be enabled only if the audited object is connected to the database audit instance.

----End

7 Step 5: Enable Database Audit

By default, database audit complies with a **full audit rule**, which is used to audit all databases that are connected to the database audit instance. You can enable audit and check audit results. For details, see **Viewing the Audit Dashboard**.

Prerequisites

- You have added and installed an agent, and the agent status is **Running**.
- A security group rule has been configured for the database audit instance.

Enabling Database Audit

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Databases**.

Figure 7-1 Going to the Databases page

Database Security Service	Databases Instance DBSS-agent-lest1	×					Feedback	🖞 Usage Guide	Buy Database Audit
Database Audit ^	Add Database Add Security Group Rule	\supset							
Dashboard	O, Select a property or enter a keyword.								0
Data Reports	Database Information 🗣	Character Set 🕀	IP Address(D 🕀	Instance 🕀	0s ⊕	Audit Status 🕀	Agent	Operation	
Instances	Name: test								
Databases	Type: PostgreSQL Marrier 7.4	UTF8		-	LINUX64	O Enabled	View Agent Add	Disable Delete	
Audit Rules	TGIONE 7.4								
Reports	Total Records: 1 $10 \lor \langle 1 \rangle$								
Settings									
Database Protection									

- **Step 4** Select a database audit instance from the **Instance** drop-down list.
- **Step 5** In the database list, click **Enable** in the **Operation** column of the database you want to audit.

The **Audit Status** of the database is **Enabled**. You do not need to restart the database.

Figure 7-2 Enabling database audit

liame test (20050000)
Type: PostgreSQL UTF8LINUX64 O Disabled View Agent Add Enable Delete Version 7.4

----End

Verifying Audit Results

- Step 1 Run an SQL statement (for example, show databases) in the target database.
- **Step 2** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 3** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 4** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Data Reports**. The **Data Reports** page is displayed.
- **Step 5** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance that audits the target database.
- **Step 6** Click the **Statements** tab.
- **Step 7** Click next to **Time** to set the start and end time, and click **Submit**. The SQL statements entered in **Step 1** will be displayed.

Figure 7-3 Viewing SQL statements

No.	SQL Statements	Client IP Address	Database IP Ad	Database U	Risk Sev	Rule	Operation T	Generated	Operation
1	select * from adventurewor	192.168.0.140	192.168.0.78	-	-	FULL_A	SELECT	2020/03/26 23:59:59 GMT+08:	Details

• If the entered SQL statement is not displayed, the connection between the agent and the database audit instance is abnormal. Rectify the fault by following the instructions in What Do I Do If the Communication Between the Agent and Database Audit Instance Is Abnormal?

----End

8 Configuring Audit Rules

8.1 Adding Audit Scope

By default, database audit complies with a full audit rule, which is used to audit all databases that are connected to the database audit instance. You can also add audit scope and specify the databases to be audited.

NOTICE

By default, the full audit rule takes effect even if other rules exist. To make another audit rule take effect, disable the full audit rule first.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- Database audit has been enabled.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Rules**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select an instance to add audit scope.
- Step 5 Add Audit Scope above the audit scope list.

NOTE

- By default, database audit complies with a **full audit rule**, which is used to audit all databases that are connected to the database audit instance. This audit rule is enabled by default. You can disable it but cannot delete it.
- To make a custom rule take effect, disable the full audit rule first.

Step 6 In the displayed dialog box, set the audit scope, as shown in Figure 8-1. For details about related parameters, see Table 8-1.

Figure 8-1 Add Audit Scope dialog box

Add	Audit	Scope
-----	-------	-------

* Name	
★ Database Name	
Operations	Login Operation
Database Account	
Exception IP Address	Enter one or multiple IP addresses or segments, with each value on a separate line. Duplicate values are not allowed. (By default, all IP addresses and IP address segments are audited.)
	Enter the IP address or IP address range.
	6
Source IP Address	Enter one or more IP addresses or IP address segments. Each value must be unique and put on a separate line. All of them will be audited by default.
	Enter the IP address or IP address range.
	4
Source Port	Enter a port number. Put multiple port numbers in separate lines. Each port number is unique. (All are audited by default.)
	Enter the port number.
	Cancel OK

 Table 8-1
 Parameters

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Name	Name of the custom audit scope	audit00
Database Name	Select a database or ALL .	db03

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Operations	Audited operation type. It can be Login or Operation .	Login
	When you select the Operation check box, you can select All operations or the operations in DDL , DML , and DCL .	
Database	(Optional) Database username.	-
Account	You can specify multiple accounts, separated by commas (,).	
Exception IP Address	(Optional) IP addresses that do not need to be audited.	-
	NOTE If an IP address is set as both a source and an exception IP address, the IP address will not be audited.	
Source IP Address	(Optional) IP address or IP address range used for accessing the database to be audited	-
	The IP address must be an internal IP address in IPv4 or IPv6 format.	
Source Port	(Optional) Port number used for accessing the database to be audited	-

Step 7 Click OK.

When the audit scope is added successfully, it is displayed in the audit scope list in the state of **Enabled**.

----End

Related Operations

In addition to adding the audit scope, you can enable or disable SQL injection detection and add risky operations to set audit rules for database audit.

8.2 Adding an SQL Injection Rule

You can add SQL injection rules to audit your databases.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- You have added a database and enabled database audit.
- A database has been added.

ок

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- Step 3 Click Add Rule and configure parameters.

Figure 8-2 Adding an SQL injection rule
Add SQL Injection Rule

★ Rule Name					
* Risk Level	High	Medium	Low	No risk	
★ Status					
* Regular Expression					
Test Regular Express	sion				
Raw Data		Test			
Result			1.		
					Cancel

 Table 8-2 SQL injection rule parameters

Paramet er	Description	Example Value
Name	Name of an SQL rule.	Postal Code SQL injection Rule
Risk Level	Level of risks matching a SQL rule. Its value can be: • High • Moderate • Low • No risk	Moderate
Status	Enables or disables an SQL injection rule. • • : enabled • : disabled	

Paramet er	Description	Example Value
Test Regular Expressio n	Regular expression that checks for content in certain pattern.	^\d{6}\$
Data	Content that matches the regular expression.	628307
	Enter content and click Test to verify that the regular expression works properly.	
Result	Test result. It can be:	Hit
	• Hit	
	• Miss	
	NOTE If the test result is Hit , the regular expression is correct.	
	If the test result is Miss , the regular expression is incorrect.	

Step 4 Confirm the information and click **OK**.

----End

8.3 Enabling or Disabling SQL Injection Detection

SQL injection detection is enabled by default. You can disable or enable the detection rules.

NOTICE

One piece of audited data can match only one SQL injection detection rule.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- You can enable SQL injection detection when the status is **Disabled**.
- You can disable SQL injection detection when the status is **Enabled**.

Disabling SQL Injection Detection

SQL injection detection is enabled by default. You can disable the detection rules as required. When an SQL injection detection rule is disabled, the audit rule does not take effect.

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- Step 3 In the navigation tree, choose Rules.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance for which you want to disable SQL injection detection.
- **Step 5** Click the **SQL Injection** tab.

NOTE

Only user-defined rules can be edited and deleted. Default rules can only be enabled and disabled.

Step 6 In the **Operation** column of a rule, click **Set Priority**. In the displayed dialog box, select a priority. The smallest number indicates the highest priority. Click **OK**.

Figure 8-3 Configuring the priority

Set Priority

Priority	1 /		
	1		
	2		Cancel
Regular expri	3	Low	
5 1	4		
Regular expr	5	High	
Regular expr	6	Medium	
	7	Madium	
ceguial expli	8	- weulum	

Step 7 Locate the SQL injection rule you want to disable, and click **Disable** in the **Operation** column.

Figure 8-4 Disabling an SQL injection detection rule

Add SQL Injection Rule						
Q Select a	property or enter a keyword.				0	9
No. 🕀	Name 🕀	Command Feature	Risk Level \ominus	Status 🕀	Operation	
1	test240403	Regular expression	Low	O Disabled	Set Priority Enable Edit Delete	
2	MYSQL error type SQL injection	Regular expression	• High	O Enabled	Set Priority Disable Edit Delete	
3	HAVING error SQL injection	Regular expression	• Medium	O Enabled	Set Priority Disable Edit Delete	
4	UNION joint query SQL injection	Regular expression	Medium	O Enabled	Set Priority Disable Edit Delete	

When the status of an SQL injection detection rule is **Disabled**, SQL injection detection is disabled successfully.

Step 8 In the **Operation** column of a rule, click **Edit**. Configure parameters and click **OK**.

Figure 8-5 Editing an SQL injection rule

Edit SQL	Injection Rule
----------	----------------

★ Rule Name	test240403				
* Risk Level	High	Medium	Low	No risk	
* Status					
* Regular Expression	^[1-9]\d{5}(19)2	20)\d{2}(0[1			
Test Regular Expre Raw Data	ession	Test)		
Result			4		
					Cancel OK

Table 8-3 SQL injection rule parameters

Paramet er	Description	Example Value
Name	Name of an SQL rule.	Postal Code SQL injection Rule
Risk Level	Level of risks matching a SQL rule. Its value can be: • High	Moderate
	Moderate	
	• Low	
	• No risk	
Status	Enables or disables an SQL injection rule.	
	• C: enabled	
	• Construction: clisabled	
Test Regular Expressio n	Regular expression that checks for content in certain pattern.	^\d{6}\$

Paramet er	Description	Example Value
Data	Content that matches the regular expression.	628307
	Enter content and click Test to verify that the regular expression works properly.	
Result	 Test result. It can be: Hit Miss NOTE If the test result is Hit, the regular expression is correct. If the test result is Miss, the regular expression is incorrect. 	Hit

Step 9 In the **Operation** column, click **Delete**.

----End

Follow-Up Procedure

To restart an SQL injection detection rule, click **Enable** in the **Operation** column of the target rule.

Figure 8-6 Enabling an SQL injection detection rule

(Add SQL Injection Rule)					
Q Select a p	roperty or enter a keyword.				
No. 🖯	Name 🕀	Command Feature \ominus	Risk Level 😔	Status 🕀	Operation
1	test240403	Regular expression	Low	 Disabled 	Set Priority Enable Edit Delete
2	MYSQL error type SQL injection	Regular expression	 High 	O Enabled	Set Priority Disable Edit Delete
3	HAVING error SQL injection	Regular expression	Medium	O Enabled	Set Priority Disable Edit Delete

When the status of an SQL injection detection rule is **Enabled**, SQL injection detection is enabled successfully.

8.4 Adding Risky Operations

Database audit has built-in rules for detecting data reduction and slow SQL statements. You can also add risky operations and customize detection rules.

NOTICE

One piece of audited data can match only one risky operation rule.

Prerequisites

• You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.

• Database audit has been enabled.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree, choose **Rules**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select an instance to add risky operations. Click the **Risky Operations** tab. Click **Add** above the risky operation list.
- Step 5 In the Instance drop-down list, select an instance to add risky operations.
- Step 6 Click the Risky Operation tab.
- Step 7 Click Add above the risky operation list.
- **Step 8** On the **Add Risky Operation** page, set the basic information and client IP address. For details about related parameters, see **Table 8-4**.

Figure 8-7 Setting the basic information and client IP address

Basic Info				
★ Name				
* Risk Level	High	Medium	Low	No risk
* Status				
★ Select Database	ALL 🛛	test		

Client IP Address or IP Range

Enter an IP address or IP range. For multiple IP addresses or IP ranges, put one IP address or IP range in one line. Each IP address or IP range is unique. (All are audited by default.)

Enter an I	P address o	r IP addre:	ss range.	

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Name	Custom name of a risky operation	test
Risk Severity	Severity of a risky operation. The options are as follows: • High • Moderate • Low • No risks	High
Status	Status of a risky operation enabled disabled 	
Select Database	Database that the risky operation will be applied to You can select ALL or a specific database.	-
Client IP Address or IP Range	IP address or IP address range of the client The IP address can be an IPv4 address (for example, 192.168.1.1) or an IPv6 address (for example, fe80:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000).	192.168.0.0

Table 8-4	Parameters
-----------	------------

Step 9 Set the operation type, operation object, and execution result. For details about related parameters, see **Table 8-5**.

Figure 8-8 Setting the operation type, operation object, and execution result

Operations					
🗌 Login 🗹 Operation					
All operations					
DDL CREATE TABLE	CREATE TABLESPACE	DROP TABLE	DROP TABLESPA	CE	
DML UPDATE	INSERT	DELETE	SELECT	SELECT FOR UPDATE	
DCL CREATE USER	DROP USER	GRANT	REVOKE	ROLLBACK	
Objects					
Add Object Case Insensit	ve 🔵				
No. Destination Databas	e	Target Table		Field	Operation
No data available.					
Results					
* Affected Rows Equal to	or greater than v 0	rows	•		
* Operation Duration Equal to	or greater than 🗸 0	ms			
OK Cancel					

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Operations	Type of a risky operation, including Login and Operation	Operation
	When you select the Operation check box, you can select All operations or the operations in DDL , DML , and DCL .	
Objects	Enter the target database, target table, and field information after clicking Add Operation Object . Click OK to add an operation object.	-
Results	Set Affected Rows and Operation Duration . The operation conditions are as follows:	-
	Greater than	
	Less than	
	• Equal To	
	Equal to or greater than	
	Less than or equal to	

 Table 8-5
 Parameters

Step 10 Click Save.

----End

8.5 Configuring Privacy Data Protection Rules

To mask sensitive information in entered SQL statements, you can enable the function of masking privacy data and configure masking rules to prevent sensitive information leakage.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- Database audit has been enabled.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- Step 3 In the navigation tree, choose Rules.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose privacy data protection rule is to be configured.
- **Step 5** Click the **Privacy Data Protection** tab.

D NOTE

Only user-defined rules can be edited and deleted. Default rules can only be enabled and disabled.

Step 6 Enable or disable Store Result Set and Mask Privacy Data.

• Store Result Set

You are advised to disable . After this function is disabled, database audit will not store the result sets of user SQL statements.

Do not enable this function if you want to prepare for PCI DSS/PCI 3DS CSS certification.

Note: The result set storage supports only the database audit in agent mode.

• Mask Privacy Data

You are advised to enable . After this function is enabled, you can configure masking rules to prevent privacy data leakage.

Step 7 Click **Add Rule**. In the displayed **Add Rule** dialog box, set the data masking rule, as shown in **Figure 8-9**. For details about related parameters, see **Table 8-6**.

Figure 8-9 Add Rule dialog box

Add Rule

★ Rule Name	3
★ Regular E	pression
★ Substitutio	n Value ***
Example	The original audit log is alter user dba with password 'mypassword'. If the regular expression is set to password ['*].*['*] and the replacement value set to password ***, a masked log will be displayed as alter user dba with password ***

Table 8-6 Rule parameters

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Rule Name	Name of a rule	test
Regular Expression	Regular expression that specifies the sensitive data pattern	-
Substitution Value	Value used to replace sensitive data specified by the regular expression	###

Cancel

οк

Step 8 Click OK.

A masking rule in the **Enabled** status is added to the rule list.

----End

Verifying a Rule

Perform the following steps to check whether a rule takes effect. The audit information about passport No. in a MySQL database is used as an example.

Step 1 Enable **Mask Privacy Data**, and ensure the "Passport NO." masking rule is enabled, as shown in **Figure 8-10**.

Figure 8-10 Enabled rule

C. Select a pro	sperty or enter a keyword.						
No O	Rule Name O	Rule Type 😑	Regular Expression 😣	Substitution Value O	Nature O	Operation	
4	Passport NO.	Default			O Enabled	Disable Edit Delete	
2	Millary officer card NO	Default			O Enabled	Disable Edit Delete	
3	Ethnicity	Debut			O Enabled	Deatre Edit Delete	
4	Bank card number	Default		***	O Enabled	Disable Edit Delete	
	Chinese ID Card NO.	Default			O Enabled	Disable Edit Delete	

- **Step 2** Log in to the database as user **root** through the MySQL database client.
- **Step 3** On the database client, enter an SQL statement.

select * from db where HOST="Passport NO.";

- **Step 4** In the navigation pane, choose **Dashboard**.
- **Step 5** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Data Reports**. The **Data Reports** page is displayed.
- **Step 6** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose SQL statement information you want to view. Click the **Statements** tab.
- **Step 7** Set filtering conditions to find the entered SQL statement.
- **Step 8** In the row containing the SQL statement, click **Details** in the **Operation** column.
- **Step 9** Check the SQL statement information in **SQL Statement**.

----End

Common Operations

After adding a user-defined masking rule, you can perform the following operations on it:

• Disable

Locate the row that contains the rule to be disabled and click **Disable** in the **Operation** column. A disabled rule cannot be used.

• Edit

Locate the row that contains the rule to be modified, click **Edit** in the **Operation** column, and modify the rule in the displayed dialog box.

• Delete

Locate the row that contains the rule to be deleted, click **Delete** in the **Operation** column, and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box.

9 Viewing Audit Results

9.1 Viewing SQL Statement Details

After connecting the database to the database audit instance, view SQL statements of the database.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- Database audit has been enabled.
- A security group rule has been configured for the database audit instance.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Data Reports**. The **Data Reports** page is displayed.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose SQL statement information you want to view.
- Step 5 Click the Statements tab.
- **Step 6** View SQL statement information.

Figure 9-1 Querying SQL statements

Stat	ements	Sessions Trends										
	Today		~)	C. Select a prop	erty or enter a keys	vord.						00
		SQL Statements	Client IP A	Database I	Database	Name	Risk Level	Rule	Operation	Result	Generated 😔	Operation
		temporary variabledeclare		192.168.0.142	0	MSSQL-7C	No risk	Full audit rules			Feb 28, 2024 08:06:47 GMT	View Details
		temporary variabledeclare	-	192.168.0.142	•	MSSQL-7C	No risk	Pull audit rules	-	-	Feb 28, 2024 00:01:31 GMT	View Details
		temporary variabledeclare	-	192.168.0.142	0	MSSQL-7C	No risk	Full audit rules	-	-	Feb 27, 2024 23:47:03 GMT	View Details
	$^{\circ}$	temporary variabledeclare		192.165.0.142	0	MSSQL-7C	No risk	Full audit rules		-	Feb 27, 2024 20:45:01 GMT	View Details
		INSERT INTO [DatabaseTest	-	192.168.0.142	rdsuser	DatabaseTest	No risk	Full audit rules	INSERT	-	Feb 27, 2024 20:26:48 GMT	View Details
		INSERT INTO (DatabaseTest	-	192.168.0.142	rdsuser	DatabaseTest	No risk	Full audit rules	INSERT	-	Feb 27, 2024 20:26:44 GMT	View Details
		INSERT INTO [DatabaseTest	-	192.165.0.142	rdsuser	DatabaseTest	No risk	Full audit rules	INSERT		Feb 27, 2024 20:25:40 GMT	View Details

To query a specified SQL statement, perform the following steps:

- Select All, Last 30 minutes, 1 hour, 24 hours, 7 days, or 30 days for Time and click Q to view SQL statements of the specified time range.
- Select All, High, Moderate, Low, or Trusted for Risk Severity and click Q.
 SQL statements of specified severity are displayed in the list.

NOTE

A maximum of 10,000 records can be retrieved in a query.

Step 7 In the row containing the desired SQL statement, click **Details** in the **Operation** column.

Figure 9-2 Viewing details of SQL statements

SQL Statements	Client IP Add	Database IP	Database Us	Name	Risk Seve	Rule	Operation	Result	Generated	Operation
set @@session.wait_timeout=36000			root	-	Trusted	Full audit rules	SET	Succeeded	Jun 06, 2023 04:24:00 GMT+08:00	Details
SELECT @@transaction_isolation			root	-	Trusted	Full audit rules	SELECT	Succeeded	Jun 06, 2023 04:24:00 GMT+08:00	Details

Step 8 View the SQL statement information in the **Details** dialog box. For details about related parameters, see **Table 9-1**.

NOTICE

The maximum length of an audit statement or result set is 10,240 bytes. Excessive parts are not recorded in audit logs.

Parameter	Description
Session ID	ID of an SQL statement, which is automatically generated
Database Instance	Database where an SQL statement is executed
Database Type	Type of the database where an SQL statement is executed
Database User	Database user for executing an SQL statement
Client MAC Address	MAC address of the client where an SQL statement is executed
Database MAC Address	MAC address of the database where an SQL statement is executed
Client IP Address	IP address of the client where an SQL statement is executed
Database IP Address/Domain Name	IP address or the domain name of the database where an SQL statement is executed
Client Port	Port of the client where an SQL statement is executed
Database Port	Port of the database where the SQL statement is executed

Table 9-1 Parameters for details of SQL statements

Parameter	Description
Client Name	Name of the client where an SQL statement is executed
Operation Type	Type of an SQL statement operation
Operation Object Type	Type of an SQL statement operation object
Response Result	Response by executing an SQL statement
Affected Rows	Number of rows affected by executing an SQL statement
Started	Time when an SQL statement starts to be executed
Ended	Time when the SQL statement execution ends
SQL Statement	Name of an SQL statement
Request Result	Result of requesting for executing an SQL statement

----End

Helpful Links

- If the entered SQL statement is not displayed, the connection between the agent and the database audit instance is abnormal. Rectify the fault by following the instructions in What Do I Do If the Communication Between the Agent and Database Audit Instance Is Abnormal?
- If SSL is enabled for a database, the database cannot be audited. To use database audit, disable SSL first. For details, see How Do I Disable SSL for a Database?

9.2 Viewing Session Distribution

After connecting the database to the database audit instance, view session distribution of the database.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- Database audit has been enabled.
- A security group rule has been configured for the database audit instance.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Data Reports**. The **Data Reports** page is displayed.

- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose session information you want to view.
- **Step 5** Click the **Sessions** tab.
- Step 6 View the session distribution chart.
 - Select All databases or a specified database from the Database drop-down list to view the sessions about all databases in the instance or a specified database.
 - Select Last 30 minutes, 1 hour, 24 hours, 7 days, or 30 days, or click it to set start time and end time to view the sessions of the specified time range.

----End

9.3 Viewing the Audit Dashboard

After connecting the database to the database audit instance, view the audit statistics, including the database audit information, instance information, and data analysis information.

Prerequisites

- This function is supported by database instance of 23.05.23.193055 and later versions.
- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- Database audit has been enabled.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- Step 2 View audit information, single instance information, and data analysis charts.
 - Audit information

Displays the audit duration, total number of statements, total number of risks, and the statements, risks, and sessions today of all database audit instances.

Figure 9-3 Viewing audit summary

Updated: Nov 25, 2024 11:42:24 GMT+08:00 Refresh the dashboard	d every hour.			Automatic Refresh Summ	Her Refresh
Audit Summary					
All Instances					
19 days 18 hours	346,053,327	345,591,333	42,097,412	42,039,487	568
Audit Duration	Total Statements	Total Risks >	Today's Statements	Today's Risks	Today's Sessions

Click in the upper right corner to enable regular information summary refreshing. Refresh the dashboard every hour. Click **Refresh** in the upper right corner to refresh the audit information immediately.

• Single instance information

Click \checkmark to view the audit duration, total number of statements, total number of risks, and the statements, risks, and sessions today of all database audit instances.

Figure 9-4 Viewing single instance information

DBSS- Audit Duration Total Statements Total Risks 19 days 18 hours 4,821 85	DBSS-
Audit Duration Total Statements Total Risks 19 days 18 hours 4,821 85	
	DBSS-
Today's Statements Today's Risks Today's Sessions 4 0 4	DBSS-

• Data analysis charts

Charts

Click Or to display audit information about all instances by total number of statements, total number of risks, today's statements, today's risks, and today's sessions in pie charts or bar charts. In addition, top 5 data records are displayed.

Figure 9-5 Viewing the data analysis chart

iotal Statements Analysis	Total Risks Analysis	Today's Statementa Analysis Today's Risks Analysis Today's Sessions Analysis			
		Total Statements	Ø	TOP5 Total Statements	
	\frown	DBSS- Total Statements	346,034,840	Dess	346,034,840
		 DBSS Tot 	13,660	DBSS-	13,660
	346 053 327	 DBSS- Total S 	4,821	DESS	4,821
	0.10,000,021	DBSS Total Statements	6	nere.	
		 DBSS Total Statemen 	0	000	
	\smile	≜ 1/2 ¥		Dess	0

- **Step 3** Click **Total Risks**. The **Total Risks** page is displayed. Click is and select a time range to view the risk analysis of all database audit instances in the specified time range.
 - Overall risk analysis

Click or . You can view the statistics of **High Risk Hits**, **Medium Risk Hits**, and **Low Risk Hits** among all databases in a pie chart or bar chart. In addition, the top 3 risk hits of databases are displayed.

Figure 9-6 Overall risk analysis

hboard Total Riales		
Updated: Oct 09, 2024 17.0513 GMT+08.00		
Overall Analysis		Sep 09, 2824 17.02.05 - Oct 09, 2824 17.02.05
Overall Risk Analysis		
	() B	TOP3 Databases with Most Risk Hits
Hah Rok HBs	1/5	
		2
Medium Risk Hils	4/5	2
Low Risk Hits	0/5	Dess

• Overall risk rule analysis

Displays the number of risk rule hits of all databases and top 5 risk rule hits.

Figure 9-7 Overall risk rule analysis



- Risk analysis by level
 - Risk level: displays the high-risk hit analysis, medium-risk hit analysis, and low-risk hit analysis of each database.

Figure 9-8 Risk level analysis



- Risk rule: displays the analysis when a database is hit by a risk rule.

Figure 9-9 Risk rule analysis



 Database statistics: displays the analysis of each database that is hit by a risk rule.

Figure 9-10 Database statistics analysis



- **Step 4** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Data Reports**. The **Data Reports** page is displayed.
- **Step 5** Click the **Trends** tab. The trend analysis page is displayed.
- **Step 6** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose audit information you want to view.
- **Step 7** View the overall audit statistics, risk distribution, session statistics, and SQL distribution.
 - Select **All databases** or a specified database from the **Database** drop-down list to view the statistics about all databases in the instance or a specified database.
 - Select Last 30 minutes, 1 hour, Today, 7 days, or 30 days, or click it to customize start time and end time to view the statistics of the specified time range.

Figure 9-11 SQL distribution

SQL Distri	bution						UPDATE	INSERT 📕 DE	LETE 📕 SELECT	Other
1										
0.8										
0.6										
0.4										
0.2										
۰.										
Mar 27, 2020 09:47:00	Mar 27, 2020 09:50:00	Mar 27, 2020 09:53:00	Mar 27, 2020 09:56:00	Mar 27, 2020 09:59:00	Mar 27, 2020 10:02:00	Mar 27, 2020 10:05:00	Mar 27, 2020 10:08:00	Mar 27, 2020 10:11:00	Mar 27, 2020 10:14:00	

----End

Helpful Links

- If SSL is enabled for a database, the database cannot be audited. To use database audit, disable SSL first. For details, see How Do I Disable SSL for a Database?
- If the audit function is unavailable, rectify the fault by following the instructions provided in **Database Audit Is Unavailable**.
- You can configure database audit rules. For details, see Adding Audit Scope.

9.4 Viewing Audit Reports

By default, database audit complies with a full audit rule, which is used to audit all databases that are connected to the database audit instance. After connecting the database to the database audit instance, generate an audit report and preview online or download it.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- Database audit has been enabled.
- A security group rule has been configured for the database audit instance.

Report Types

Database audit provides eight types of report templates. **Table 9-2** lists the report names. You can generate reports and set report tasks as needed.

Table 9-2	Description
-----------	-------------

Template Name	Report Type	Description
Database Security General Report	Overview report	Provides the overall audit status of the database, including risks, sessions, and login status to better manage databases.

Template Name	Report Type	Description			
Database Security Compliance Report	Compliance report	This report helps database administrators and auditors detect abnormal behaviors, locate problems, and manage information.			
SOX Report	Complies with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (SOX) to provide statics on and evaluate database operations. This report helps database administrators and auditors detect abnormal behaviors, locate problems, and manage information.				
Database Server Analysis Report	Database report	Provides statistics and analysis on active users, user IP addresses, database logins and requests, database usage duration, and database performance.			
Client IP Address Analysis Report		Provides statistics on client applications, database users, and SQL statements collected from user IP addresses.			
DML Command Report	Database operation report	Analyzes user and privileged operations based on DML commands.			
DDL Command Report	Database operation report	Analyzes user and privileged operations based on DDL commands.			
DCL Command Report	Database operation report	Analyzes user and privileged operations based on DCL commands.			

Step 1: Generating a Report

You can generate reports immediately or periodically. You can also customize the generation time, frequency, and format of reports.

• Method 1: Generating a Report Immediately

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 4** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Reports**.
- **Step 5** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose instance report you want to generate.

- Step 6 Click the Report Management tab.
- Step 7 In the Operation column of a report template, click Generate Report.
- **Step 8** In the displayed dialog box, click it to set the start time and end time of the report, and select the database for which you want to generate a report.
- Step 9 Click OK.

----End

- Method 2: Setting Periodic Report Release
- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Reports**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance for which you want to set a report task.
- Step 5 Click the Report Management tab.
- **Step 6** Locate the target template and click **Schedule Task** in the **Operation** column, as shown in **Figure 9-12**.

Figure 9-12 Setting a task

Statements Sessions Trends												
	Today		~	Q. Select a preperty or enter a keyword.							0	
		SQL Statements	Client IP A	Database I	Database	Name	Risk Level	Rule	Operation	Result	Generated \Leftrightarrow	Operation
		temporary variabledeclare		192.168.0.142	0	MSSQL-7C	No risk	Full audit rules			Feb 28, 2024 08:06:47 GMT	View Details
		temporary variabledeclare		192.168.0.142	0	MSSQL+7C	No risk	Full audit rules		-	Feb 28, 2024 00:01:31 GMT	View Details
		temporary variabledeclare	-	192.168.0.142	0	MSSQL-7C	No risk	Full audit rules	-	-	Feb 27, 2024 23:47:03 GMT	View Details
	0	temporary variabledeclare	-	192.168.0.142	0	MSSQL-7C	No risk	Full audit rules	-		Feb 27, 2024 20:45:01 GMT	View Details
		INSERT INTO [DatabaseTest	-	192.168.0.142	rdsuser	DatabaseTest	No risk	Full audit rules	INSERT		Feb 27, 2024 20:26:48 GMT	View Details
		INSERT INTO [DatabaseTest	-	192.168.0.142	rdsuser	DatabaseTest	No risk	Full audit rules	INSERT	-	Feb 27, 2024 20:26:44 GMT	View Details
		INSERT INTO [DatabaseTest	-	192.168.0.142	rdsuser	DatabaseTest	No risk	Full audit rules	INSERT	-	Feb 27, 2024 20:26:40 GMT	View Details

Step 7 In the displayed dialog box, set the parameters of the scheduled task, as shown in **Figure 9-13**. For details about related parameters, see **Table 9-3**.

Figure 9-13 Setting a scheduled task

You will not be charged for the basic alarm function. Alarm notifications sent by SMN will incur fees.						
* Enable Task						
* Message Notifications						
* SMN Topic	Select	View				
* Report Type	Only SMN topics whose status is available. SMN is billed in pay-per-use m depending on regions and bill	confirmed are node. Fees vary ing items. Pricing Details				
* Execution Mode	Periodically	· ·				
* Time	17:00	~				
* Database	All databases	~]				
		Cancel OK				

Table 9-3 Parameters for setting a task

Parameter	Description	Example Value		
Enable Task	nable Task Status of a scheduled task.			
	• C: enabled			
	• CD: disabled			
Message Notifications	Enables or disables notifications. Notifications are sent by Simple SMN and will probably incur a small fee. See SMN Pricing Details. • : enabled • : disabled			
Report Type	Type of a report. The options are as follows: Daily Weekly Monthly 	Weekly		

Parameter	Description	Example Value			
Execution Mode	Execution mode of the report. The options are as follows:	Periodically			
	• Once				
	Periodically				
Time	Time when the report is executed	10:00			
Database	Database for which you want to execute the report task	-			

Step 8 Click OK.

----End

Step 2: Previewing and Downloading Audit Reports

Before previewing or downloading an audit report, ensure that its **Status** is **100%**.

NOTICE

To preview a report online, use Google Chrome or Mozilla FireFox.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Reports**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose report you want to preview or download.
- **Step 5** Locate the target template, and click **Preview** or **Download** in the **Operation** column to preview or download the report. See **Figure 9-14**..

Figure 9-14 Previewing or downloading an audit report

R	eports	Report Manager	nent								
	Q Sel	ect a property or enter	a keyword.								0
	Name	e	Associated Database \Leftrightarrow	Report 😣	Generated 🕀	Format 🕀	Status 🕀		Operation	n	
	Databas	se Security Compli	All databases	Real-time re	Mar 25, 2024 10:53:35 GMT+08:00	pdf		100%	Preview	Download	Delete
	Databas	se Security Genera	All databases	Real-time re	Mar 25, 2024 10:51:59 GMT+08:00	pdf		100%	Preview	Download	Delete
	DML Co	ommand Report	All databases	Real-time re	Mar 25, 2024 09:15:14 GMT+08:00	pdf		100%	Preview	Download	Delete
	Databas	se Security Genera	All databases	Real-time re	Feb 27, 2024 20:34:26 GMT+08:00	pdf		100%	Preview	Download	Delete
	Total Rec	ords: 4 10 🗸	< 1 →								

----End

Helpful Links

Why I Cannot Preview the Database Security Audit Report Online?

9.5 Viewing Trend Analysis

After connecting the database to the database audit instance, you can view the statement trend analysis (including statement quantity, session statistics, and SQL distribution) and risk trend analysis (including risk distribution, SQL injections, and risky operations).

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- Database audit has been enabled.
- A security group rule has been configured for the database audit instance.
- This function is supported by database instance of 23.05.23.193055 and later versions.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Data Reports**. The **Data Reports** page is displayed.
- **Step 4** Click the **Trends** tab. The trend analysis page is displayed.
- **Step 5** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose audit information you want to view.
- **Step 6** View the overall trend of the database.
 - Click **Re-analyze** on the right of the console.
 - Select **All databases** or a specified database from the **Database** drop-down list to view the statistics about all databases in the instance or a specified database.
 - Select Last 30 minutes, 1 hour, Today, 7 days, or 30 days, or click it to customize start time and end time to view the statistics of the specified time range.

----End

10 Notification Settings Management

10.1 Configuring Email Notifications

After enabling email notifications, you can receive an email when an alarm is triggered or an audit report is generated.

Prerequisites

You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Settings**.
- Step 4 In the Instance drop-down list, select an instance to configure email settings
- **Step 5** Configure the email notification. **Table 10-1** describes the parameters
| Email Notifications | |
|---------------------|--|
| Recipient | Enter the email addresses you would like notifications to be sent to. |
| | For multiple recipients, put each email address on a separate line. Each email address should be unique. |
| | Enter the recipient. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| CC Recipient | Enter the email addresses you would like to have notifications cc'd to. |
| CC Recipient | Enter the email addresses you would like to have notifications cc'd to.
For multiple recipients, put each email address on a separate line. Each email address should be unique. |
| CC Recipient | Enter the email addresses you would like to have notifications cc'd to.
For multiple recipients, put each email address on a separate line. Each email address should be unique.
Enter the CC recipient. |
| CC Recipient | Enter the email addresses you would like to have notifications cc'd to.
For multiple recipients, put each email address on a separate line. Each email address should be unique.
Enter the CC recipient. |
| CC Recipient | Enter the email addresses you would like to have notifications cc'd to.
For multiple recipients, put each email address on a separate line. Each email address should be unique.
Enter the CC recipient. |
| CC Recipient | Enter the email addresses you would like to have notifications cc'd to.
For multiple recipients, put each email address on a separate line. Each email address should be unique.
Enter the CC recipient. |
| CC Recipient | Enter the email addresses you would like to have notifications cc'd to.
For multiple recipients, put each email address on a separate line. Each email address should be unique.
Enter the CC recipient. |

Figure 10-1 Configuring email notifications

Table 10-1 Parameters

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Email Notifications	Status of the email notification function. By default, Email Notifications is enabled for database audit. You will receive an email when a configured alarm is triggered or an audit report is generated. • • • : enabled • • : disabled	
Recipient	Email address of the recipient	-
CC Recipient	Optional. Email address of the CC recipient	-

Step 6 Click Apply.

----End

10.2 Configuring Alarm Notifications

After configuring alarm notifications, you can receive DBSS alarms on database risks. If this function is not enabled, you have to log in to the management console to view alarms.

- Alarm notifications may be mistakenly blocked. If you have enabled notifications but not received any, check whether they have been blocked as spam.
- The system collects alarm statistics every 5 minutes and sends alarm notifications (if any).
- Database audit alarm notifications are sent by SMN and will incur fees. See **SMN Pricing Details**.

Prerequisites

The database audit instance is in the **Running** state.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 2** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Settings**.
- **Step 3** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select an instance to configure alarm notifications.
- Step 4 Click the Alarm Notifications tab.
- **Step 5** Set alarm notifications. For details about related parameters, see **Table 10-2**.

Figure 10-2 Configuring alarm notifications

Alarm Notifications	Backup and Restoration Risk Data Export
1 You will not be	charged for the basic alarm function. Alarm notifications sent by SMN will incur fees.
Global Settings	
Message Notificatio	ns 💽
* SMN Topic	test v Q View
	Only SMN topics whose status is confirmed are available.
	SMN is billed in pay-per-use mode. Fees vary depending on regions and billing items. Pricing Details
Daily Alarm Notifica	tions 65535
Alarm Settings	for Risky Operations
Alarm Risk Level	V High Medium Low
Alarm Settings	for System Resources
CPU Alarm Thresho	ld (%) 80
Memory Alarm Thre	shold (%) 80
Disk Alarm Thresho	ld (%) 80
	Apply

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Message Notifications	Enables or disables notifications. Database audit alarm notifications are sent by SMN and will probably incur a small fee. See SMN Pricing Details .	
	• Construction : disabled	
	• Contraction : enabled	
SMN Topic	 Select an existing topic from the drop-down list or click View to create a topic. For details, see Creating a Topic. 	-
	• You can add multiple subscriptions to a topic and select multiple subscription endpoints (such as SMS messages and emails). For details, see Adding a Subscription.	
	NOTE Before selecting a topic, ensure that the subscription status of the topic is Confirmed . Otherwise, alarm notifications may not be received.	
	For details about topics and subscriptions, see <i>Simple Message Notification User Guide</i> .	
Daily Alarm Notifications	Total number of alarms allowed to be sent every day NOTICE	30
	 If the number of alarms exceeds this value on a day, no more notification will be sent on that day. 	
	 There is no fixed time point for sending alarm notifications. The system collects statistics every 5 minutes and sends alarm notifications (if any). 	
Alarm Risk Severity	Risk severity of the risk log. The options are as follows:	High
	• High	
	ModerateLow	
CPU Alarm Threshold (%)	CPU alarm threshold of an audit instance. When the threshold is exceeded, an alarm notification is generated.	80
Memory Alarm Threshold (%)	Memory alarm threshold of an audit instance. When the threshold is exceeded, an alarm notification is generated.	80

Table 10-2 Alarm	notification	parameters
------------------	--------------	------------

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Disk Alarm Threshold (%)	Disk alarm threshold of an audit instance. When the threshold is exceeded, an alarm notification is generated.	80

Step 6 Click Apply.

----End

11 Viewing Monitoring Information

11.1 Viewing the System Monitoring

This section describes how to view the system monitoring of database audit and learn about system resources and traffic usage.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- Database audit has been enabled.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Instances**.
- **Step 4** Click the name of the instance for which you want to view the system monitoring. The **Overview** page is displayed.
- Step 5 Click the System Monitoring tab. The System Monitoring page is displayed.
- **Step 6** View the system monitoring information.

Select **Last 30 minutes**, **1 hour**, **24 hours**, **7 days**, or **30 days**, or click is to customize start time and end time to view the system monitoring information of the specified time range.

Updated Apr 02, 2024 19:45:29 GMT+08:00	Last 30 minutes 1 hour 24 hours 7 days 30 days Start Date – End Date
System Memory CPU	Traffic (MB/s) 🔳 Receiving 💷 Transmitting
60%	
50%	0.8
40%	0.6
30%	0.4
2095	02
0/6 Apr 02 2024 Apr 02 2024 0635 0952 1210	Ar 00, 2004 Ar 00, 2004 Arr 10, 2004

Figure 11-1 Viewing the system monitoring

----End

11.2 Viewing the Alarms

This section describes how to view and confirm alarms of database audit.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- Database audit has been enabled.
- You have configured alarm notifications.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- Step 2 Select a region, click —, and choose Security & Compliance > Database Security Service. The Dashboard page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Instances**.
- Step 4 Click the name of an instance, click the Alarm Monitoring tab.
- **Step 5** View the alarm information, as shown in **Figure 11-2**. For details about related parameters, see **Table 11-1**.

Figure 11-2 Viewing the alarms

<	DBSS-cade 🧿 Runnin	9					8 Configure Rule	Q View Metric
Overvi	iew System Monitoring Alar	m Monitoring Logs Tag						
Alams Edd Codm								
	Time 🕀	C Select a property or enter Type ⊕	Alarm Risk Level	Cleared \ominus	Confirmed Or Not \ominus	Description $\boldsymbol{\varTheta}$	Operation	
				No Matches No matching records are found. Clear Filters				

Parameter	Description		
Time	Time when an alarm occurred.		
Туре	 Alarm type. The options are as follows: Audit traffic exceeds threshold CPU exceptions Memory exceptions Disk exceptions Insufficient audit log storage Log backup to OBS failed Agent exceptions 		
Alarm Risk Severity	 Risk severity of an alarm. The options are as follows: High Moderate Low 		
Cleared	Time when an alarm is cleared		
Confirmed Or Not	Confirmation status of an alarm. Click \overrightarrow{V} to filter alarms in Unconfirmed or Confirmed state.		
Description	Description of an alarm		

Table 11-1	Parameters	of alarms
------------	------------	-----------

To query specified alarms, perform the following steps:

- Select Last 30 minutes, 1 hour, 24 hours, 7 days, or 30 days from the dropdown list, and click ^Q to view alarms of the specified time range.
- Select **All**, **High**, **Moderate**, or **Low** for **Risk Severity**. Alarms of specified severity are displayed in the list.
- Select an alarm type, and alarms of specified alarm type is displayed in the list.

----End

Follow-Up Procedure

To confirm an alarm, click **Confirm** in the **Operation** column of the alarm.

NOTE

You can select multiple alarms to be confirmed and click **Batch Confirm** to batch confirm alarms.

12 Backing Up and Restoring Database Audit Logs

Database audit logs can be backed up to OBS buckets to achieve high availability for disaster recovery. You can back up or restore database audit logs as required.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- Database audit has been enabled.

Precautions

• Audit logs are backed up to OBS. Buckets are automatically created for you and billed per use.

OBS Fine-grained Authorization

DBSS backup and restoration require OBS permissions. Users without IAM authorization permissions must be manually authorized by a user having the **Security Administrator** permission.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click in the upper left corner, and choose **Management & Governance** > **Identity and Access Management**.
- Step 3 In the navigation pane, choose Permissions > Authorization. Click Create Custom Policy.
- Step 4 Configure policy parameters. Set Policy Name to DBSS OBS Agency Access. Set Policy View to JSON. The policy content is as follows:

"Version": "1.1", "Statement": [{ "Effect": "Allow", "Action": ["obs:object:PutObjectVersionAcl", "obs:object:PutObjectAcl", "obs:object:GetObjectVersion",

"obs:object:GetObject",
"obs:object:GetObjectVersionAcl",
"obs:bucket:HeadBucket",
"obs:object:GetObjectAcl",
"obs:bucket:CreateBucket",
"obs:bucket:ListBucket",
"obs:object:PutObject"
],
"Resource": [
"OBS:*:*:object:*",
"OBS:*:*:bucket: <i>OBS_Bucket_Name_1</i> ",
"OBS:*:*:bucket: OBS_bucket_2" //You can add multiple buckets.
]
}
}

See Figure 12-1. Click OK.



Figure 12-1 Creating a custom policy

- **Step 5** In the navigation pane, choose **Agencies** and then click **Create Agency** in the upper right corner.
- Step 6Configure agency parameters. Set Agency Name to dbss_depend_obs_trust. Set
Agency Type to Cloud service. Set Cloud Service to DBSS. See Figure 12-2.

Figure 12-2 Creating an agency

Agencies / Create Agen	cy .	
* Agency Name	dbss_depend_obs_trust	
★ Agency Type	Account Delegate another HUAWEI CLOU Cloud service Delegate a cloud service to acces	ID account to perform operations on your resources.
* Cloud Service	DBSS	v
* Validity Period	Unlimited	•
Description	Enter a brief description.	
		0/255
	Next Cancel	

Step 7 Click Next. Select the custom policy created in Step 4, and add the permission DBSS OBS Agency Access to the agency dbss_depend_obs_trust, as shown in Figure 12-3. Click Next in the lower right corner.

Figure 12-3 Selecting a policy

< Authorize Agency	
Select Policy/Role ② Select Scope ③ Finish	
Assign selected permissions to dbss_depend_obs_trust.	
View Selected (1) Copy Permissions from Another Project	All policies/roles
Policy/Role Name	Туре
DBSS OBS Agency Access	Custom policy
<pre>obs_function_role_1ce50adf43a1102835ae4112e5397d1d32e174b4d2 _</pre>	Custom policy

Step 8 Set **Scope** to **All resources** and click **OK**. If the message in **Figure 12-4** is displayed, the authorization is successful. Click **Finish**. The authorization will take effect in about 15 minutes.

Figure 12-4 Authorization completed

Select Policy/Role	- (2) Select Scope	3 Finish		
			Authorization successful. Permissions assigned: 1. View details at Permissions > Authority	ation.
Policy/Role Name ↓Ξ		Scope	Туре ЈΞ	Description ↓=
DBSS OBS Agency Access		All resources	Custom policy	
End			Finish	

Cancel

ОК

Automatically Backing Up Database Audit Logs

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Settings**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the required instance and click the **Backup and Restoration** tab.
- **Step 5** Click **Modify Automated Backup Settings**. In the displayed dialog box, set the auto backup parameters. **Table 12-1** describes the parameters.

Figure 12-5 Configure Automatic Backup dialog box Configure

 Audit logs are backed To enable automated 	l up to OBS buckets. You will be charged by OBS for the bucket backup, select an OBS bucket to store audit logs. DBSS will b	et storage usage. e granted the read and write permissions for the bucket.
Automatic Backup		
Backup Period	Daily	~
Start Time	Apr 02, 2024 19:43:53	
Bucket Name	No bucket selected. Select an OBS bucket or use the default bucket. If there created. By default, OBS is billed in pay-per-use mode. Fees vary	C View Bucket Create Default Bucket are no default buckets, a bucket will be automatically depending on regions and billing items. Pricing Details
Export Directory	Enter a folder name.	
Authorize Automated Backup	Grant DBSS the read and write permissions for the OBS Note: Automated backup takes effect about 15 minutes	bucket to export audit log backup. after authorization is completed.

Table 12-1 Parameters

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Automatic Backup	Status of automatic backup e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
	• Constant	

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Backup Period	Automatic backup period. Its options are as follows:	Daily
	• Daily	
	Hourly	
Started	Start time of the backup. Click 📋 to configure.	2020/01/14 20:27:08
Bucket Name	Name of the OBS bucket used for backup. Its options are as follows:	20f18-7a5a- 4042
	Create Default Bucket	
	Select Bucket	
	NOTE	
	 If you click Create Default Bucket, you will be prompted to authorize OBS for exporting audit log backups. 	
	 Audit logs can be exported only to the bucket created by DBSS. 	
Export Directory	Directory for storing backup files in the OBS bucket.	test

Step 6 Click OK.

NOTE

After the automatic backup function is configured, new data in the database will be backed up one hour later. Then you can view the backup information.

----End

Restoring Database Audit Logs

After backing up database audit logs, you can restore the audit logs as required.

NOTICE

Restoring logs is risky. Therefore before restoring logs, ensure that the backup log data is correct or complete.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Settings**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the required instance and click the **Backup and Restoration** tab.

Step 5 In the **Operation** column of the backup log to be restored, click **Restore Log**.

Step 6 In the displayed dialog box, click OK.

----End

Exporting Risk Data

You can export the logs that record high-risk operations to OBS. An OBS bucket will be automatically created to store these logs and will charge per use.

NOTE

Before you enable risk export, perform operations in **OBS Fine-grained Authorization**.

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Settings**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the required instance and click the **Risk Export** tab.
- **Step 5** Click in the row of a database to export risk data. An OBS bucket will be automatically created to store risk logs.
 - Bucket Name:Click Create Default Bucket or Select Bucket.
 - **Export Directory**: Create a directory for storing risk files in the OBS bucket.

Figure 12-6 Automatically creating an OBS bucket

Set Risk Export Bucket

Bucket Name	No bucket selected.
	Select an OBS bucket or use the default bucket. If there are no default buckets, a bucket will be automatica created
	By default, OBS is billed in pay-per-use mode. Fees vary depending on regions and billing items. Pricing De
Export Directory	Enter a folder name.
Authorize Risk Export	Grant DBSS the read and write permissions for the OBS bucket to export risk logs.
	Note: The rick events will take effect shout 15 minutes after the authorization
	Note. The fisk export will take effect about 15 minutes after the authorization.

13 Other Operations

13.1 Managing Database Audit Instances

After purchasing a database audit instance, you can view, enable, restart, and disable the instance.

Prerequisites

- Before restarting and disabling an instance, ensure that its **Status** is **Running**.
- Before enabling an instance, ensure that its **Status** is **Disabled**.

Viewing the Instance

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Instances**.
- **Step 4** View the database audit instances information. For details about related parameters, see **Table 13-1**.

NOTE

- You can click the name of an instance to view its overview.
- Select an instance status from the **All statuses** drop-down list in the upper right corner of the list, or enter a key word of an instance to search for it.

Table 13-1 Parameters

Parameter	Description
Instance Name/ID	Name and ID of an instance. Instance ID is automatically generated.

Parameter	Description
Specificatio ns	Edition of an instance
Billing Mode	Billing mode (yearly/monthly) and expiration time of the instance
Version	Version of database audit instance
Status	Running status of an instance. The options are as follows: Running Creating Faulty Disabled Frozen Frozen for legal management Frozen due to abuse Frozen due to lack of identity verification Frozen for partnership Creation failed
Associated Databases/ Total Databases	Number of databases an instance has associated with and Number of databases an instance supports
Enterprise Project	Enterprise project name of the instance
Operation	Operations can be performed on the instance. The options are as follows: • Configure Rules • Enable • Disable • Restart • View Details • View Metric • Delete

D NOTE

You can perform the following operations on instances as required:

Restart

Locate the row that contains the desired instance, choose **More** > **Restart** in the **Operation** column, and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box.

Enable

Locate the row that contains the desired instance, choose **More** > **Enable** in the **Operation** column, and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box.

Disable

Locate the row that contains the desired instance, choose **More** > **Disable** in the **Operation** column, and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box. When an instance is disabled, the audit function is disabled for the databases on the instance.

• Delete

Locate the row that contains the instance that failed to be created, choose **More** > **Delete** in the **Operation** column, and click **Delete** in the displayed dialog box. Deleted instances will not be displayed in the instance list.

View Details

Locate the row that contains the instance that failed to be created, choose **More** > **View Details** in the **Operation** column. In the dialog box that is displayed, view the instance creation failure details.

----End

13.2 Viewing the Instance Overview

This section describes how to view the instance overview, including the basic information, network settings and associated databases.

Prerequisites

You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Instances**.
- **Step 4** Click the name of the instance whose information you want to view. The **Overview** page is displayed.
- **Step 5** View the basic information, network settings, and associated databases about the instance. For details about related parameters, see **Table 13-2**.

Categor y	Parameter	Description
Basic Info	Name	Name of an instance. You can click \checkmark next to Name to change it.
	Version	Version of an instance
	Remarks	Remarks about an instance. Click 🖉 next to remarks to modify it.
	Billing Mode	Billing mode of an instance
	Created	Time when an instance is created
Network Settings	VPC	VPC where an instance resides
	Security Group	Security group where an instance resides
	Subnet	Subnet where an instance resides
	Private IP Address	IP address of an instance
Associate	-	Database information associated with an instance
d Databas e		Click Manage Database , and the Databases page is displayed. For details about how to add a database, see Step 1: Add a Database .

Table 13-2 Parameters of the instance overview

----End

13.3 Managing Databases and Agents

After adding a database successfully, you can view, disable or delete the database. After adding an agent to the database, you can view, disable or delete the agent.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- You have added a database successfully.
- Before disabling a database, ensure that Audit Status of the database is Enabled.

Viewing the Database Information

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

Step 2 Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.

Step 3 In the navigation tree on the left, choose Databases.

- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose database you want to view.
- **Step 5** View the database information. For details about related parameters, see **Table 13-3**.

NOTE

Select an audit status from the **All audit statuses** drop-down list in the upper right corner of the list, or enter a key word of a database to search for it.

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Database Information	Name, type, and version of a database	-
Character Set	Encoding character set of the database	UTF8
IP Address/ Port	IP address of the database	192.168.0.10 4 3306
Instance	Database instance name	-
OS	Operating system of the database	LINUX64
Audit Status	Audit status of the database. The options are as follows: • Enabled • Disabled	Enabled
Agent	Click Add to add an agent for the database.	Add an agent.

Table 13-3 Parameters

D NOTE

You can perform the following operations on a database you added:

- Disable
 - Locate the row that contains the database to be disabled, click **Disable** in the Operation column, and click OK in the displayed dialog box. The Audit Status of the database will change to Disabled.
 - When a database is disabled, database audit is disabled for the database.
- Delete
 - Locate the row that contains the database to be deleted, click **Delete** in the Operation column, and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box.
 - You need to add the database again if a database is deleted and you want to audit the database.

----End

Viewing an Agent

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Databases**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose agent you want to view.
- **Step 5** Click ✓ on the left of the database to expand the agent details. For details about related parameters, see **Table 13-4**.

 Table 13-4
 Parameters of an agent

Parameter	Description
Agent ID	Agent ID, which is automatically generated
Installing Node Type	Type of the installing node. The options are Database and Application .
Installing Node IP Address	IP address of the node where an agent is installed
OS	Agent OS
Audited NIC Name	NIC name of an installing node
CPU Threshold (%)	CPU threshold of the installing node. The default value is 80 .
	NOTE The agent on a node will stop working if the CPU usage of the node exceeds this threshold. You can scale up CPU resources to avoid this problem.
Memory Threshold (%)	Memory threshold of the installing node. The default value is 80 .
	The agent on a node will stop working if the memory usage of the node exceeds this threshold. You can scale up memory resources to avoid this problem.
General	Whether an agent is a general-purpose agent.
SHA256Sum	Verification value of the agent installation package.
Status	Running status of the installing node

D NOTE

You can perform the following operations on an agent you added:

- Disable
 - Locate the row that contains the agent to be disabled, click **Disable** in the **Operation** column, and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box. The status of the agent will change to **Disabled**.
 - When an agent is disabled, database audit is disabled for the associated database.
- Delete
 - Locate the row that contains the agent to be deleted, click **Delete** in the Operation column, and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box.
 - After an agent is deleted, add another agent again if you want to audit the database.

----End

13.4 Uninstalling an Agent

You can uninstall an agent from the database or application if you do not need to audit the database.

Prerequisites

You have installed an agent on the desired node.

Uninstalling the Agent from a Linux OS

- **Step 1** Log in to the node where the agent is installed as user **root** using SSH through a cross-platform remote access tool (such as PuTTY).
- **Step 2** Run the following command to access the directory where the decompressed **xxx.tar.gz** agent installation package is stored:

cd directory containing the decompressed agent installation package

Step 3 Run the following command to check whether you have the permission for executing the **uninstall.sh** script:

แ

- If you do, go to **Step 4**.
- If you do not, perform the following operations:
 - Run the following command to get the script execution permission:
 chmod +x uninstall.sh
 - b. Verify you have the required permissions.
- **Step 4** Run the following command to uninstall the agent:

sh uninstall.sh

If the following information is displayed, the agent has been uninstalled successfully:

uninstall audit agent... exist os-release file stopping audit agent audit agent stopped stop audit_agent success service audit_agent does not support chkconfig uninstall audit agent completed!

----End

Uninstalling the Agent from a Windows OS

- **Step 1** Enter the directory where the agent installation file is stored.
- **Step 2** Double-click the **uninstall.bat** file to uninstall the agent.
- **Step 3** Verify the agent has been uninstalled.
 - 1. Open the Task Manager and verify the dbss_audit_agent process is stopped.
 - 2. Verify the entire agent installation directory has been deleted.

----End

13.5 Management an Audit Scope

After adding an audit scope, you can view, enable, edit, disable, or delete the audit scope.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- The audit scope has been added.
- Before enabling, editing, or deleting the audit scope, ensure that the status of audit scope is **Disabled**.
- Before disabling the audit scope, ensure that the status of audit scope is Enabled.

Precautions

By default, database audit complies with a **full audit rule**, which is used to audit all databases that are connected to the database audit instance. This audit rule is enabled by default. You can disable it but cannot delete it.

Viewing the Audit Scope

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- Step 3 In the navigation tree, choose Rules.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select an instance to view audit scope.
- **Step 5** View the audit scope information. For details about related parameters, see **Table 13-5**.

NOTE

Enter the key word of an audit scope to search.

Table 13-5 Parameters

Parameter	Description	
Name	Name of the audit scope	
Exception IP Address	Whitelisted IP addresses within the audit scope	
Source IP Address	IP address or IP address range used for accessing the database	
Source Port	Port number of the IP address to be audited	
Database Name	Database in the audit scope	
Database Account	Database username	
Status	Status of the audit scope. The options are as follows:	
	Enabled	
	Disabled	

NOTE

You can perform the following operations on audit scopes as required:

• Enable

Locate the row that contains the audit scope to be enabled, and click **Enable** in the **Operation** column. Databases within the scope will be audited.

• Edit (supported in customized audit scopes only)

Locate the row that contains the audit scope to be edited, click **Edit** in the **Operation** column, and modify the scope in the displayed dialog box.

• Disable

Locate the row that contains the audit scope to be disabled, click **Disable** in the **Operation** column, and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box. When the audit scope is disabled, the audit scope rule will not be executed in the audit.

• Delete (supported in customized audit scopes only)

Locate the row that contains the audit scope to be deleted, click **Delete** in the **Operation** column, and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box. You need to add the audit scope again if it is deleted and you want to audit it.

13.6 Viewing Information About SQL Injection Detection

This section describes how to view SQL injection detection information of a database audit instance.

⁻⁻⁻⁻End

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- Database audit has been enabled.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- Step 3 In the navigation tree, choose Audit Rules.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance for which you want to view SQL injection detection. Click the **SQL Injection** tab.
- **Step 5** View information about SQL injection detection. For details about related parameters, see **Table 13-6**.

NOTE

- Select a risk severity from the **All risk severities** drop-down list in the upper right corner of the list, or enter a key word of an SQL injection rule name to search.
- Click **Set Priority** in the **Operation** column of an SQL injection rule to change its priority.

Table 13-6 Parameters

Parameter	Description	
Name	Name of the SQL injection detection	
Command Feature	Command features of the SQL injection detection	
Risk Severity	Risk level of the SQL injection detection. The options are as follows:	
	• High	
	Moderate	
	• Low	
	No risks	
Status	Status of the SQL injection detection. The options are as follows:	
	• Enabled	
	Disabled	

Parameter	Description	
Operation	Operations on an SQL injection rule. The options are as follows:	
	Set Priority	
	Disable	
	• Edit	
	Delete	

----End

13.7 Managing Risky Operations

After adding a risky operation, you can view the risk, enable, edit, disable, or delete the risky operation, or set its priority.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- The risky operation has been added.
- Before enabling the risky operation, ensure that its status is **Disabled**.
- Before disabling the risky operation, ensure that its status is **Enabled**.

Sets the Priority of the Risky Operation

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- Step 3 In the navigation tree, choose Rules.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select an instance to set risky operation priority. Click the **Risky Operations** tab.
- Step 5 In the Operation column of the desired risky operation, click Set Priority.
- Step 6 In the displayed dialog box, select a priority and click OK.

----End

Viewing the Risky Operation

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- Step 3 In the navigation tree, choose Rules.

Step 4 In the **Instance** drop-down list, select an instance to view risky operations.

- Step 5 Click the Risky Operations tab.
- **Step 6** View the risky operation information. For details about related parameters, see **Table 13-7**.

Select a risk severity from the **All risk severities** drop-down list in the upper right corner of the list, or enter a key word of a risky operation name to search.

Parameter	Description
Name	Name of the risky operation
Category	Category of the risky operation
Feature	Feature of the risky operation
Risk Severity	 Risk severity of the risky operation. The options are as follows: High Moderate Low No risks
Status	Status of the risky operation. The options are as follows: • Enabled • Disabled

Table 13-7 Parameters

NOTE

You can perform the following operations on risky operations as required:

• Enable

Locate the row that contains the risky operation to be enabled, and click **Enable** in the **Operation** column. The operation will be audited.

Edit

Locate the row that contains the risky operation to be edited, click **Edit** in the **Operation** column, and modify the operation in the displayed dialog box.

Disable

Locate the row that contains the risky operation to be disabled, click **Disable** in the **Operation** column, and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box. When a risky operation is disabled, the risky operation rule will not be executed in the audit.

Delete

Locate the row that contains the risky operation to be deleted, click **Delete** in the **Operation** column, and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box. You need to add the risky operation again if a risky operation is deleted and you need to audit its rule.

----End

13.8 Managing Privacy Data Protection Rules

You can view, enable, edit, disable, or delete data masking rules.

Prerequisites

You have purchased a database audit instance and the Status is Running.

Viewing Privacy Data Protection Rules

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- Step 3 In the navigation tree, choose Rules.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select an instance to view its privacy data protection rule.
- Step 5 Click the Privacy Data Protection tab.

NOTE

Only user-defined rules can be edited and deleted. Default rules can only be enabled and disabled.

Step 6 View the rules. For details about related parameters, see **Table 13-8**.

NOTE

• Store Result Set

You are advised to disable . After this function is disabled, database audit will not store the result sets of user SQL statements.

Do not enable this function if you want to prepare for PCI DSS/PCI 3DS CSS certification.

Note: The result set storage supports only the database audit in agent mode.

• Mask Privacy Data

You are advised to enable . After this function is enabled, you can configure masking rules to prevent privacy data leakage.

Table 13-8 Masking	rule	parameters
--------------------	------	------------

Parameter	Description
Rule Name	Rule name
Rule Type	Rule type. Default User-defined

Parameter	Description
Regular Expression	Regular expression that specifies the sensitive data pattern
Substitutio n Value	Value used to replace sensitive data specified by the regular expression
Status	Status of a rule. Its value can be:EnabledDisabled

D NOTE

You can perform the following operations on a rule:

• Disable

Locate the row that contains the rule to be disabled and click **Disable** in the **Operation** column. A disabled rule cannot be used.

• Edit

Locate the row that contains the rule to be modified, click **Edit** in the **Operation** column, and modify the rule in the displayed dialog box.

• Delete

Locate the row that contains the rule to be deleted, click **Delete** in the **Operation** column, and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box.

----End

13.9 Managing Audit Reports

By default, database audit complies with a full audit rule, which is used to audit all databases that are successfully connected to the database audit instance. After connecting the database to the database audit instance, view report templates and report results.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- Database audit has been enabled.
- Audit reports have been generated.

Viewing a Report

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Reports**.

- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose report information you want to view.
- **Step 5** Viewing reports

NOTE

- Enter a report name in the upper right corner to search.
- A real-time report is automatically generated in PDF format.
- Locate the row that contains the report to be deleted, click **Delete** in the **Operation** column, and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box. When a report is deleted, you need to manually generate a report if you want to view the report result.

----End

Viewing a Report Template

Step 1 Log in to the management console.

- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance > Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Reports**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose report template you want to view.
- Step 5 Click the Report Management tab.
- **Step 6** View the report template.

NOTE

- Report types include **Compliance report**, **Overview report**, **Database report**, **Client report**, and **Database operation report**.
- You can enable or disable scheduled tasks, or set their frequency to daily, weekly, or monthly.
- To modify the scheduled task of a report template, click **Schedule Task** in the **Operation** column. Modify and save the settings, click **Generate Report**, and you can check the reports.

----End

13.10 Managing Backup Audit Logs

After backing up audit logs, you can view or delete backup audit logs.

Prerequisites

- You have purchased a database audit instance and the **Status** is **Running**.
- Database audit has been enabled.
- You have backed up audit logs.

Viewing Backup Audit Logs

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- **Step 3** In the navigation tree on the left, choose **Settings**.
- **Step 4** In the **Instance** drop-down list, select the instance whose log template you want to view.
- **Step 5** Click the **Backup and Restoration** tab.
- **Step 6** View the backup audit log information. For details about related parameters, see **Table 13-9**.

In the upper right corner of the list, select the start time and end time to view backup logs in a specified time range.

Parameter	Description
Log Name	Name of a log, which is automatically generated
Backup Time	Time when a log is backed up
File Size	Log file size
Backup Mode	Log backup mode.
Backup Scope	Backup time window
Task Status	Backup status of a log

Table 13-9 Parameters of audit logs

NOTE

Locate the row that contains the log to be deleted, click **Delete** in the **Operation** column, and click **OK** in the displayed dialog box.

----End

13.11 Viewing Operation Logs

This section describes how to view operation logs of a database audit instance.

Prerequisites

You have purchased a database audit instance and the Status is Running.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** Select a region, click —, and choose **Security & Compliance** > **Database Security Service**. The **Dashboard** page is displayed.
- Step 3 In the navigation tree on the left, choose Instances.
- **Step 4** Click the name of the instance whose operation logs you want to view. The **Overview** page is displayed.
- **Step 5** Click the **Logs** tab. The log list page is displayed.
- **Step 6** View operation logs. For details about related parameters, see **Table 13-10**.

D NOTE

You can select last 30 minutes, last 1 hour, 24 hours, last 7 days, last 30 days, or a custom time range.

Parameter	Description
Username	User who performs the operation
Time	Time when the operation was performed
Function	Function of the operation
Action	Action of the operation
Operation Object	Object of the operation
Description	Description of the operation
Result	Result of the operation

Table 13-10 Parameters

----End

14 Key Operations Recorded by CTS

14.1 Viewing Tracing Logs

After you enable CTS, the system starts recording operations on DBSS. Operation records for the last seven days can be viewed on the CTS console.

Viewing a DBSS Trace on the CTS Console

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- **Step 2** In the navigation pane on the left, click and choose **Management & Governance** > **Cloud Trace Service**.
- Step 3 Choose Trace List in the navigation pane.
- Step 4 Click Region at the top of the Trace List page to set the corresponding conditions.

The following four filters are available:

- Trace Type, Trace Source, Resource Type, and Search By
 - Select the filter from the drop-down list. Set **Trace Source** to **DBSS**.
 - When you select Trace name for Search By, you also need to select a specific trace name.
 - When you select **Resource ID** for **Search By**, you also need to select or enter a specific resource ID.
 - When you select **Resource name** for **Search By**, you also need to select or enter a specific resource name.
- **Operator**: Select a specific operator (a user other than tenant).
- **Trace Rating**: Available options include **All trace status**, **normal**, **warning**, and **incident**. You can only select one of them.
- In the upper right corner of the page, you can query traces in the last 1 hour, last 1 day, last 1 week, or within a customized period.

Step 5 Click Query.

Step 6 Click \checkmark on the left of a trace to expand its details.

Figure 14-1 Expanding trace details

	Trace Name	Resource	Trace Sou	Resource ID	Resource Name	Trace Status 🕐	Operator 🕐	Operation Time	Operation
^	cloudServi	dbss	DBSS		-	📀 normal		Feb 28, 2020 16:34:07 GMT+08:	View Trace
1000	inat	/dbcc/w1/ob	argo/24dbd92a	20ab420bb6cccd	000652829 (audit/pa	riod/order			
requ	-	200	arge/2400002a	29eb430bb0cced	cocossas/addit/pe	nou/order			
cod	e	200							
sou	rce_ip								
trac	e_type	ConsoleActi	on						
eve	nt_type	system							
proj	ect_id	24dbd82a29	eb430bb6cced	0c0c6538a9					
trac	e_id	15f92fea-5a	05-11ea-be78-8	74d5768700f					
trac	e_name	cloudService	elnstanceCreate						
resc	ource_type	dbss							
trac	e_rating	normal							
api_	version	v1.10.0							
serv	vice_type	DBSS							
trac	ker_name	system							
time	•	Feb 28, 2020 16:34:07 GMT+08:00							
reco	ord_time	Feb 28, 2020 16:34:07 GMT+08:00							
use	r	{"name"?"	"7i	d"."cef7561e56f44	d21a1ad8771e27b7d	cc","domain":{"name'	"/"id	"."ce28abd4fdd44e09a34c78709b4136	589"}}

Step 7 Click **View Trace** in the **Operation** column. On the displayed **View Trace** dialog box shown in **Figure 14-2**, the trace structure details are displayed.

Figure 14-2 Viewing a trace

View Trace

{	
"project_id":	"24dbd82a29eb430bb6cced0c0c6538a9",
"context": {	
"request":	"/dbss/v1/charge/24dbd82a29eb430bb6cced0c0c6538a9/audit/period/order",
"code": "2	00",
"source_ip	": " " " .
"trace_typ	e": "ConsoleAction",
"event_typ	e": "system",
"project_i	d": "24dbd82a29eb430bb6cced0c0c6538a9",
"trace_id"	: "15f92fea-5a05-11ea-be78-874d5768700f",
"trace_nam	e": "cloudServiceInstanceCreate",
"resource_	type": "dbss",
"trace_rat	ing": "normal",
"api_versi	on": "v1.10.0",
"service_t	ype": "DBSS",
"tracker_n	ame": "system",
"time": "1	582878847751",
"record_ti	me": "1582878847821",
"user": {	
"name"	: " ",
"id":	"cef7561e56f44d21a1ad8771e27b7dcc",
"domai	n": {
"n	ame": "",
"i	d": "ce28abd4fdd44e09a34c78709b413689"
}	
}	

----End

14.2 Auditable Operations

Cloud Trace Service (CTS) records all cloud service operations on DBSS, including requests initiated from the management console or open APIs and responses to the requests, for tenants to query, audit, and trace.

Close

Table 14-1 lists DBSS operations recorded by CTS.

×

Operation	Resource Type	Trace Name
Creating an instance	dbss	createInstance
Deleting an instance	dbss	deleteInstance
Starting an instance	dbss	startInstance
Stopping an instance	dbss	stopInstance
Restarting an instance	dbss	rebootInstance
Changing the instance status	dbss	cloudServiceInstanceStatus
Creating a yearly/monthly instance	dbss	cloudServiceInstanceCreate
Changing the instance metadata	dbss	updateMetaData

 Table 14-1 DBSS operations that can be recorded by CTS

15 Monitoring

15.1 DBSS Monitored Metrics

Description

This section describes monitored metrics reported by DBSS to Cloud Eye as well as their namespaces and dimensions. You can use console or APIs provided by Cloud Eye to query the metrics of the monitored objects and alarms generated for DBSS.

Namespace

SYS.DBSS

NOTE

A namespace is an abstract collection of resources and objects. Multiple namespaces can be created in a single cluster with the data isolated from each other. This enables namespaces to share the same cluster services without affecting each other.

Metrics

Table 15-1 DBSS metrics

Metri c ID	Metri c Name	Description	Value Range	Monitored Object	Monitori ng Interval (Raw Data)
cpu_u til	CPU Usage	CPU consumed by the monitored object Unit: % Collection method: 100% minus idle CPU usage percentage	0 to 100% Value type: Float	Database audit instance	1 minute
mem_ util	Memo ry Usage	Memory usage of the monitored object Unit: % Collection method: 100% minus idle memory percentage	0 to 100% Value type: Float	Database audit instance	1 minute
disk_u til	Disk usage	Disk usage of the monitored object Unit: % Collection method: 100% minus idle disk space percentage	0 to 100% Value type: Float	Database audit instance	1 minute
hx_pr ocess _statu s	x_pr cess statu statu ce Proces s Status X_pr ted Instan ce Proces s Status The process status of a protected instance. NOTE This protected instance is no longer maintained.		 0/1 0: The proce ss status is abnor mal. 1: The proce ss status is norm al. 	Database audit instance	1 minute

Metri c ID	Metri c Name	Description	Value Range	Monitored Object	Monitori ng Interval (Raw Data)
hx_po rt_sta ts	Protec ted Instan ce Port Status	The port status of a protected instance. NOTE This protected instance is no longer maintained.	 0/1 0: The port status is abnor mal. 1: The port status is norm al. 	Database audit instance	1 minute
hx_pr oxy_n um	Protec ted Instan ce Agent s	The number of agents of a protected instance. NOTE This protected instance is no longer maintained.	≥0	Database audit instance	1 minute
hx_pr oxy_st atus	Protec ted Instan ce Agent Status	The agent status of a protected instance. NOTE This protected instance is no longer maintained.	 0/1 0: The agent status is abnor mal. 1: The agent status is norm al. 	Database audit instance	1 minute
hx_qp s	Querie s per Secon d	The number of queries per second on the instance. NOTE This protected instance is no longer maintained.	≥0	Database audit instance	1 minute
Metri c ID	Metri c Name	Description	Value Range	Monitored Object	Monitori ng Interval (Raw Data)
---	--	--	----------------	----------------------------	---
hx_rp s	Reque sts per Secon d	The number of requests per second on the instance. NOTE This protected instance is no longer maintained.	≥0	Database audit instance	1 minute
hx_ac tive_c onnec tions_ num	Protec ted Instan ce Active Conne ctions	The number of active connections of a protected instance. NOTE This protected instance is no longer maintained.	≥0	Database audit instance	1 minute

15.2 Configuring Alarm Monitoring Rules

You can set DBSS alarm rules to customize the monitored objects and notification policies, and set parameters such as the alarm rule name, monitored object, metric, threshold, monitoring scope, and whether to send notifications. This helps you learn the database security status in a timely manner.

Prerequisites

You have purchased a DBSS instance.

Procedure

- Step 1 Log in to the management console.
- Step 2 Click in the upper left corner of the page and choose Management & Governance > Cloud Eye.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Alarm Management** > **Alarm Rules**.
- **Step 4** In the upper right corner of the page, click **Create Alarm Rule**.
- **Step 5** Set the alarm rule name and select an enterprise project to which the alarm rule belongs.

* Name	alarm-7gd2			
Description				
			0/256	
* Enterprise Project	default	•	C Create Enterprise Project (?

Step 6 Select **Database Security Service** from the **Resource Type** drop-down list, and select a dimension, monitoring scope, alarm template, and whether to send a notification. **Figure 15-1** shows an example.

Figure 15-1 Configuring a DBSS alarm monitoring rule

* Resource Type	Database Security Service		
* Dimension	DBSS		
* Monitoring Scope	Specific resources		
	⇒ Select All		Deselect All
	ID The Inter an ID. Q		ID The Inter an ID. Q
	Name ID		Name ID
DBSS-7caa5 3774d489-be78-4ba1-b459-ad952		*	No data available.

Step 7 Click **Create**. In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.

----End

15.3 Viewing Monitoring Metrics

You can view DBSS metrics on the management console to learn about the database security status in a timely manner and configure protection policies based on the metrics.

Prerequisites

DBSS alarm rules have been configured in Cloud Eye. For more details, see **Configuring Alarm Monitoring Rules**.

Procedures

- **Step 1** Log in to the management console.
- Step 2 Click in the upper left corner of the page and choose Management & Governance > Cloud Eye.
- **Step 3** In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Cloud Service Monitoring > Database Security Service**.
- **Step 4** In the row containing the dedicated DBSS instance, click **View Metric** in the **Operation** column.

----End

16 Permission Control

16.1 DBSS Custom Policies

Custom policies can be created to supplement the system-defined policies of DBSS. For the actions supported for custom policies, see **DBSS Permissions and Supported Actions**.

Examples of Custom Policies

{

• Example 1: Allowing a user to query the database audit list

```
{
    "Version": "1.1",
    "Statement": [
        {
            "Effect": "Allow",
            "Action": [
            "dbss:auditInstance:list"
        ]
        }
]
```

• Example 2: Denying database audit instance deletion

A deny policy must be used together with other policies. If the policies assigned to a user contain both Allow and Deny actions, the Deny actions take precedence over the Allow actions.

The following method can be used if you need to assign permissions of the **DBSS FullAccess** policy to a user but also forbid the user from deleting database audit instances. Create a custom policy to disallow audit instance deletion and assign both policies to the group the user belongs to. Then the user can perform all operations on DBSS except deleting database audit instances. The following is an example of a deny policy:

```
"Version": "1.1",
"Statement": [
{
"Action": [
dbss:auditInstance:delete"
],
"Effect": "Deny"
}
```

]

• Example 3: Defining permissions for multiple services in a policy

A custom policy can contain the actions of multiple services that are of the global or project-level type. The following is an example policy containing actions of multiple services:

```
"Version": "1.1",
   "Statement": [
     {
        "Effect": "Allow",
        "Action": [
           "dbss:defendInstance:eipOperate",
           "dbss:auditInstance:getSpecification"
        ]
     },
     {
        "Effect": "Allow",
        "Action": [
           "hss:accountCracks:unblock",
           "hss:commonIPs:set"
        ]
     }
  ]
}
```

16.2 DBSS Permissions and Supported Actions

This section describes fine-grained permissions management for your DBSS resources. If your Huawei Cloud account does not need individual IAM users, you can skip this section.

By default, new IAM users do not have any permissions. You need to add a user to one or more groups, and attach permissions policies or roles to these groups. Users inherit permissions from the groups to which they are added. Users inherit permissions from the groups and can perform operations on cloud services as allowed by the permissions.

Supported Actions

DBSS provides system-defined policies that can be directly used in IAM. You can also create custom policies and use them to supplement system-defined policies, implementing more refined access control. Operations supported by policies are specific to APIs. The following are common concepts related to policies:

- Permissions: Statements in a policy that allow or deny certain operations.
- Actions: Specific operations that are allowed or denied.
- Related actions: Actions on which a specific action depends to take effect. When assigning permissions for the action to a user, you also need to assign permissions for the related actions.

Table 16-1 lists the API actions supported by DBSS.

Table 16-1 Actions

Permission	Action		
Query the list of database audit instances	dbss:auditInstance:list		
Obtain available specifications of database audit instances	dbss:auditInstance:getSpecification		
View database protection instance details	dbss:defendInstance:list		
Bind or unbind an EIP	dbss:defendInstance:eipOperate		
Delete a database protection instance	dbss:defendInstance:delete		
Delete a database audit instance	dbss:auditInstance:delete		
Purchase database protection instances on demand	dbss:defendInstance:createOnDemand		
Purchase database audit instances on demand	dbss:auditInstance:createOnDemand		
Purchase a database protection instance on demand	dbss:defendInstance:createOnOrder		
Purchase database audit instances on demand	dbss:auditInstance:createOnOrder		
Restart a database protection instance	dbss:defendInstance:reboot		
Start a database audit instance	dbss:auditInstance:start		
Stop a database audit instance	dbss:auditInstance:stop		
Restart a database audit instance	dbss:auditInstance:reboot		
Start a database protection instance	dbss:defendInstance:start		
Stop a database protection instance	dbss:defendInstance:stop		